#### PREFREATMENT PROGRAM

for the

VILLAGE OF SAUGET, ILLINOIS
PHYSICAL-CHEMICAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

RUSSELL & AXON
ENGINEERS-PLANNERS-ARCHITECTS
INCORPORATED

March, 1981

# **RUSSELL & AXON**



Established in 1920
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March 9, 1981

Mr. Frank J. Basile, Jr., P.E., Client Project Manager American Bottoms Regional Wastewater Treatment Association 2897 Monsanto Ave. Sauget, Illinois 62206

Re: Village of Sauget, Illinois Pretreatment Program Report

R&A No. 032-761-01-4

Dear Mr. Basile:

8.4

Russell & Axon respectfully submits the final report concerning the Village of Sauget Pretreatment Program. This report sets forth all proposed recommendations and considerations for the Village to establish a Pretreatment Program for its Physical-Chemical Wastewater Treatment Facility.

We would be pleased to provide the Village of Sauget with any additional information that should be requested. Please do not hesitate to contact Russell & Axon at your convenience.

Sincerely yours,

**RUSSELL & AXON** 

William L. Sago, P.E.

Vice President

Gary K. Morris

Project Engineer

GKM:vjd

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#### SUMMARY

The Village of Sauget, Illinois, Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) currently has an existing industrial user monitoring program. While the program is sufficient to meet past local needs and Federal and State requirements for regulating industrial wastewater, modification will be necessary to fulfill the new Federal pretreatment program requirements.

Since the basic monitoring and organization framework already exists, development of the new program can proceed with relative ease. Implementation of the program, however, will require that industrial users comply with the recommended construction of new sampling points and initiate the federally required self-monitoring and reporting activities. Additionally, as pretreatment standards are promulgated for the Industrial Users (I.U.), the POTW must insure compliance with these standards.

Insuring the compliance of I.U.'s with pretreatment standards requires that the POTW obtain the necessary legal authority to control industrial discharges. The contents of and methodology for obtaining this authority are as recommended in this program submittal.

The Village of Sauget POTW is a physical-chemical treatment plant that was designed for treatment of complex industrial wastewaters. A description of the plant is provided herein. The Village intends to apply for revision of categorical pretreatment standards if and when they are established for any I.U. served by the treatment system. The required methodology for this request is stated in this program along with the POTW reporting requirements for continued authorization for standard revision.

Efficient implementation of the pretreatment program requires a logical administrative structure. All personnel utilized to implement the program must have defined responsibilities. Utilizing the existing monitoring program organizational structure, the recommended pretreatment program management scheme is developed, staff requirements identified and an estimated first year budget proposed. To insure timely implementation of the program, a proposed compliance schedule is contained in this program submittal.

Since the Village has a well established industrial monitoring program, the numbers, types and characteristics of industrial discharges to the POTW were previously identified. To insure, however, that correct up-to-date information was available for each I.U., a waste survey and sampling program were conducted for the industries served by the POTW. This information is contained in this program submittal as a federally required element.

This pretreatment program has been developed to be in compliance with those requirements of a federally approvable program. Its primary purpose is, however, the establishment of a well organized program for the local control of the introduction of industrial wastewaters to the Village of Sauget POTW.

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#### SECTION I - INTRODUCTION

#### Purpose and Scope

This Industrial Pretreatment Program has been developed for the Village of Sauget, Illinois. Its purpose is to provide the means for controlling and monitoring the introduction of industrial wastewater to the physical-chemical wastewater treatment facility owned and operated by the Village. The development of the program has been in accordance with the requirements set forth in the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972 (P.L. 92-500) as amended by the Clean Water Act of 1977 (P.L. 95-217) and as specified in the Federal Register.(1)

In concert with these requirements, the objectives of this program are: 1) to establish a federally approved industrial waste control program including any necessary modifications to the existing Village of Sauget sewer use regulations; 2) to establish a data base from which the program can be developed; 3) to develop the legal instruments necessary to enforce the control measures; 4) to apply for the authorization to revise industrial discharge limits where eligible (i.e. categorical pretreatment standards) and, 5) to establish a monitoring system to insure compliance with sewer use regulations.

#### Methodology

The pretreatment program for the Village of Sauget was developed sequentially, as enumerated in the following summarized listing of tasks. Each of the

(1) Federal Register, Vol. 46, No. 18 - Wednesday, January 28, 1981, Parts 125 and 403.

tasks is described in the following sections of this program:

- 1. Literature Review and Compilation of Existing Pertinent Regulations
- 2. Familiarization with Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW)
- 3. Industrial Waste Survey
- 4. Sampling and Analysis Program Evaluation
- 5. Request for Revision of Pretreatment Standards
- 6. Evaluation of Sludge Disposal Practices
- 7. Evaluation of Existing Monitoring Network and Procedures
- 8. Evaluation of Existing Legal Authority
- 9. Development of Pretreatment Program Organizational Structure
- 10. Evaluation of Pretreatment Program Funding Requirements
- 11. Development of Reporting Procedures and Requirements for Industrial Users and the POTW

The accomplishment of the various tasks to develop the pretreatment program was coordinated as closely as possible with requirements stated in the Federal Register.(1) Throughout the program, those sections of the Federal Register pertaining to that portion of program development are noted.

<sup>(1)</sup> Federal Register, Vol. 46, No. 18 - Wednesday, January 28, 1981, Parts 125 and 403.

# SECTION II - DESCRIPTION OF VILLAGE OF SAUGET PHYSICAL-CHEMICAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY(2)

#### Village of Sauget

Sauget is a heavily industrialized community with a residential population of approximately 200 inhabitants. The Village also has the following five large industries(3) which collectively employ about 2,500 people, generally working three shifts a day, seven days a week.

Monsanto Company - Produces a wide variety of industrial chemicals.

Edwin Cooper, Inc. - Primary products include additives for automotive oils and greases.

AMAX Zinc Company - Produces electrolytic zinc, sulfuric acid, and trace elements associated with zinc.

Cerro Copper Company - Primarily recovers copper from scrap copper and converts this to copper tubing and other copper shapes.

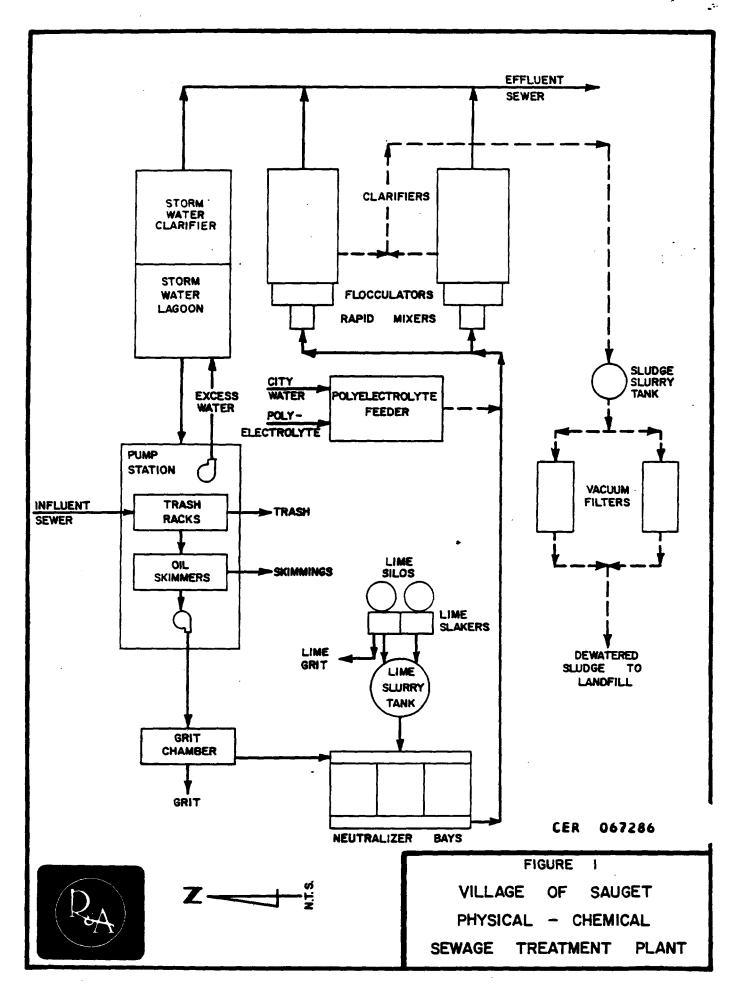
Midwest Rubber Company - Processes rubber tires and other rubber articles to produce reclaimed rubber primarily for the automotive industry.

The present wastewater treatment facility at Sauget, Illinois is owned by the Village of Sauget and is operated by a non-profit corporation, the "Sauget Sanitary Development & Research Association". See Figure 1 for Treatment Plant Schematic.

Sauget's treatment facility started operation in 1966 as a primary plant. In February, 1974, ground was broken for new facilities which were completed in 1977. The new facility, in addition to upgrading the facilities for removal of scum and oil, provides for neutralization of acidity, precipitation and removal of heavy metals, and lagooning of stormwater prior to treatment.

<sup>(2)</sup> Description provided by Steven D. Smith, Treasurer, Sauget Sanitary Development & Research Association, February 1980.

<sup>(3)</sup>Additional Industries are listed in Section III.



### Influent Water Quantity and Quality

The influent has an average flow of approximately 10.7(\*) MGD, and contains various heavy metals and chemicals, some floating scum and oil, some grit primarily from ground water runoff, and sanitary wastes from residents and employees of the five industries.

#### Influent Water Pumps and Auxiliaries

Three 8,000 GPM acid resistant bronze centrifugal pumps handle the normal influent water and stormwater runoff. Normally one or two pumps will pump to the treating process and the remaining pumps, operating by level control, are used to pump stormwater. The pumps are powered with 100 HP, 600 RPM motors.

Because of the corrosive nature of the influent water, the pump bays and pits are either lined with fiberglass or acid resistant tile. Piping is either 316 stainless steel or fiberglass reinforced polyester. Valves are either 316 stainless steel or neoprene lined steel. Conventional trash screens are used ahead of pumps. Water flow through the treating system is measured with an orifice meter.

#### Stormwater Lagoons

A stormwater storage lagoon and a stormwater clarifier have been provided to handle excess influent. The storage lagoon has approximately 1,000,000 gallons capacity and is intended to handle the first flush of a storm. The water in this lagoon is returned to the influent pump bay automatically as the influent bay level drops.

(\*) Design flow is 14.2 MGD.

The stormwater clarifier has approximately twice the capacity of the storage lagoon and it receives stormwater after the storage lagoon has been filled.

#### Scum and Oil Removal

This is recognized as a critical part of the operation for three reasons:

- a) To meet effluent water standards.
- b) To reduce interference with pH measurement and control.
- c) To reduce clogging of filter cloths in the final step of the operation.

It is important to remove the maximum amount of oil in the pump bays to avoid emulsifying these substances when passing them through a pump. The plant currently uses 6 Brill Oil Skimmers.

#### Grit Removal

Grit removal follows pumping. A conventional sloped bottom concrete chamber of Chicago Pump Company design is used. The chamber is fiberglass lined. The cross sectional area of the chamber at the top is approximately 300 square feet, the volume is 3,500 cubic feet, and detention time is 4.7 minutes.

Air to the system for aeration and grit removal is supplied by a positive displacement Roots blower. Three air lift pumps, operating in timed sequence, discharge grit and water into the stilling well of an inclined screw conveyor. The water from the grit chamber overflows into a flume and flows to the lime neutralization step, and the grit is discharged into a dumpster for disposal at a landfill.

### Lime Slaking for Neutralization

High calcium quick lime is slaked and diluted to 10 to 15 percent slurry for neutralization. The lime slaking and storage equipment consist of two steel cone bottom silos of 125 ton capacity each; two 8,000#/hr. Wallace & Tiernan lime slakers; a 3,000 gallon pump tank; two circulating pumps; a 100,000 gallon lime slurry storage tank; two lime slurry feed pumps; associated steel pipe and controls. Quick lime is received in hopper trailers and is trucked from St. Genevieve, Missouri. The lime slakers use city water for slaking and plant effluent water for dilution. The slaking rate is generally 2,000-3,000#/hr. Quick lime feed and slaking water addition are closed loop control and dilution water addition is open loop control based upon specific gravity of the slurry.

#### Neutralization

The neutralization equipment consists of three adjacent agitated concrete chambers through which the water to be treated flows in series. Each chamber has a cross sectional surface area of 730 square feet and is 20 feet deep. The detention time of each chamber is 14.7 minutes. The first chamber is fiberglass lined and the second and third chambers are unprotected. Any two of the three chambers can be used for neutralization with the third chamber being an installed spare.

Electrodes measure the pH of wastewater entering the first chamber and leaving the first, second, and third chambers. Two of the last three electrodes are used for pH control by a closed loop feed back system. Lime slurry for neutralization is drawn from the circulating loop of the 100,000 gallon tank. Instantaneous rates of 25,000# lime/hour can be added to the neutralizers. pH of the final neutralizer is controlled at approximately 8.5.

### Polyelectrolyte Solution

A Wallace & Tiernan polyelectrolyte solution machine is used to dissolve polyelectrolyte powder in city water to produce a 0.25 to 0.50 percent solution for addition to the neutralized water. A polyelectrolyte concentration of approximately 0.5 ppm is required to produce a stable floc which will readily settle.

#### Splitter Box

The flow leaving the neutralization chambers flows to a splitter box where it is divided into two equal parts. Each part then goes through a rapid mix chamber, a flocculation system, and a clarification basin.

#### Rapid Mix Chamber (Two Units)

The rapid mix chamber consists of two agitated concrete basins where polyelectrolyte solution diluted with city water is mixed with neutralized water. The basin has approximately 250 cubic feet capacity and 0.67 minute detention time/unit.

#### Flocculators (Four Units)

Two flocculators in parallel receive the flow from one rapid mix chamber. The flow enters at one side near the bottom at the head end of the flocculator. Each flocculator is 18 feet wide by 36 feet long by 10 feet deep and provides a detention time of 35 min./unit. A low level of agitation is provided in each flocculator with four, three, and two paddle mixers in series and separated by partial baffles. Each mixer has adjustable speed drive.

A slow moving continuous chain and paddle type rake moves the sludge to a collection hopper at the discharge end of the flocculator and entrance end of the clarifier. This same rake moves any floating oil or scum on the surface of the water to a collection trough at the entrance end of the flocculator.

## Clarifiers (Two Units)

Two flocculators flow into one clarifier. Each clarifier is a concrete basin 72.5 feet wide by 166.5 feet long with a liquid depth of 10 feet. This provides a detention time at 8 MGD of 5.4 hours/unit.

Each clarifier has at its entrance end three sludge collection hoppers in the form of inverted pyramids. Each hopper has a capacity of approximately 1,840 ft<sup>3</sup>. A continuously operating traveling bridge type sludge rake drags the sludge forward to the three hoppers and the floating scum and oil to a collection trough. The collection trough drains to a pit.

Water overflowing the clarifier is collected in a series of serpentine weirs, flows to a collection pit and from there to the north bay of the pump house.

#### Effluent Water Use and Disposal

Two pumps supply effluent water for use in dilution of the lime slurry after the slaking step. The effluent water then gravity flows to the Mississippi River or when the River is above Stage 15 is pumped by either the Sauget or Sanitary District Pump Stations'.

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### Sludge Dewatering

By use of horizontal centrifugal pumps, sludge is transferred from the six sludge collection pits of the clarifiers to a sludge holding tank in a nearby sludge filter building.

The filtration equipment consists of three 10 foot diameter by 16 foot long continuous cloth belt rotary vacuum filters, manufactured by Envirex, Inc. The auxiliaries for each filter consist of a Nash vacuum pump, vacuum receiver and self-priming filtrate pump. The filters and auxiliaries are conventional units without special or unusual features of any type. Lime is added to the sludge slurry for use as a filter aid. The filter cake discharges onto a belt which discharges the cake into a dumpster box. The filter cake is disposed of at a landfill. The filtrate flows back to the process.

## Work Force and Routine Operations

The work force consists of a manager, engineer, foreman, assistant foremen, secretary, chemist, and hourly operational/maintenance personnel. The plant is manned 24 hours/day.

Operating procedures have been written which outline the detailed methods for operating the various items of equipment and sections of the plant.

Maintenance practice consists of scheduled lubrication, inspection, and repair or replacement. In-plant repairs are limited to reasonably small work. Contract preventive maintenance is used for specialized items such as instrumentation, electrical and lime slaking units.

ER 067292

#### SECTION III - FORMULATION OF DATA BASE

### Industrial Waste Survey

An inventory of industrial/commercial users in the Village of Sauget Treatment Plant's service area was accomplished. Treatment plant records supplemented by municipal and regional directories were utilized to compile the listing of industrial users. The following is a listing of users with a brief description of the industry. Appendix A contains the Industrial Waste Survey Questionaires completed by each industrial user.

INDUSTRY:

AMAX ZINC COMPANY, INC.

Route 3 and Monsanto Avenue

Sauget, Illinois

P. O. Box 2347 (Mailing)

East St. Louis, Illinois 62202

SIC:(5)

3333

Raw Materials:

Zinc Concentrates

150,000 T/yr

Products:

Slab Zinc

80,000 T/yr

Cadmium

440 T/yr

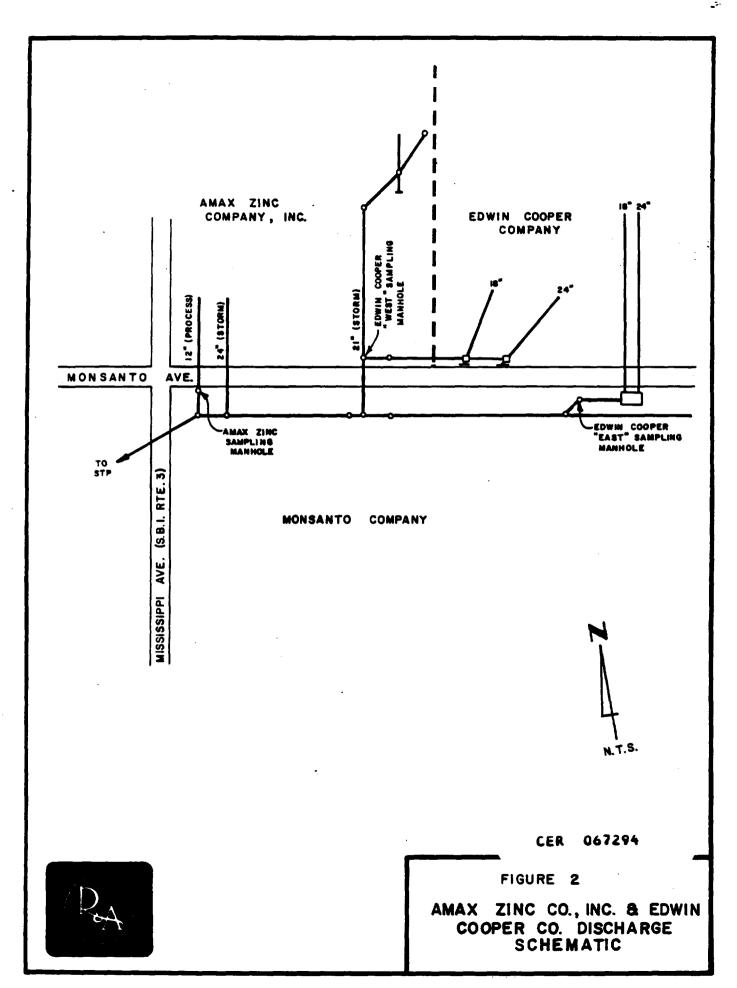
Sulfuric Acid

117,000 T/yr

Discharge Schematic:

Figure 2.

(5) Standard Industrial Classification.



INDUSTRY

CERRO COPPER PRODUCTS CO.
Route 3 and A. & S. Railroad

Sauget, Illinois

P. O. Box 681 (Mailing)

East St. Louis, Illinois 62202

SIC:

3331, 3351

Raw Materials:

Scrap Copper

55,000 T/yr

Electrolytic Copper

8,500 T/yr

Semi-Refined Copper

26,500 T/yr

Products:

Electrolytic Copper Copper Tubular Products 37,500 T/yr 67,500 T/yr

----

<u>Discharge Schematic:</u>

Figure 3.

INDUSTRY:

CLAYTON CHEMICAL CO.

#1 Mobile Avenue

Sauget, Illinois 62201

SIC:

2833

Raw Materials:

Industrial Waste Solvent

1,000,000 Gal/yr

Products:

Recycled Solvents

700,000 Gal/yr

Discharge Schematic:

Not Available

INDUSTRY:

EDWIN COOPER, INC.

Monsanto Avenue

Sauget, Illinois 62201

SIC:

2899

Raw Materials:

Sulfuric Acid

Caustic

Alcohols

total raw materials 144,331 T/yr

Solvents

01efins

Products:

Miscellaneous Oil Additives

109,900 T/yr

Discharge Schematic:

Figure 2.

INDUSTRY:

MIDWEST RUBBER RECLAIMING

Route 3

Sauget, Illinois 62201

SIC:

3031

Raw Materials:

Tires, Tire Peelings, Inner Tubes (Butyl

Rubber), Latex Rubber

Products:

Butyl Rubber, Latex Rubber

Discharge Schematic:

Figure 3.

INDUSTRY:

MOBIL OIL CO.

2000 S. 20th (Mailing)

East St. Louis, Illinois 62206 19th Street and Monsanto Drive

Sauget, Illinois 62201

SIC:

5171

Raw Materials:

Distributor Only

Products:

Distributor Only

Discharge Schematic:

Figure 4.

INDUSTRY:

MONSANTO COMPANY

Sauget, Illinois 62201

SIC:

2819, 2812, 2865, 2869

Raw Materials:

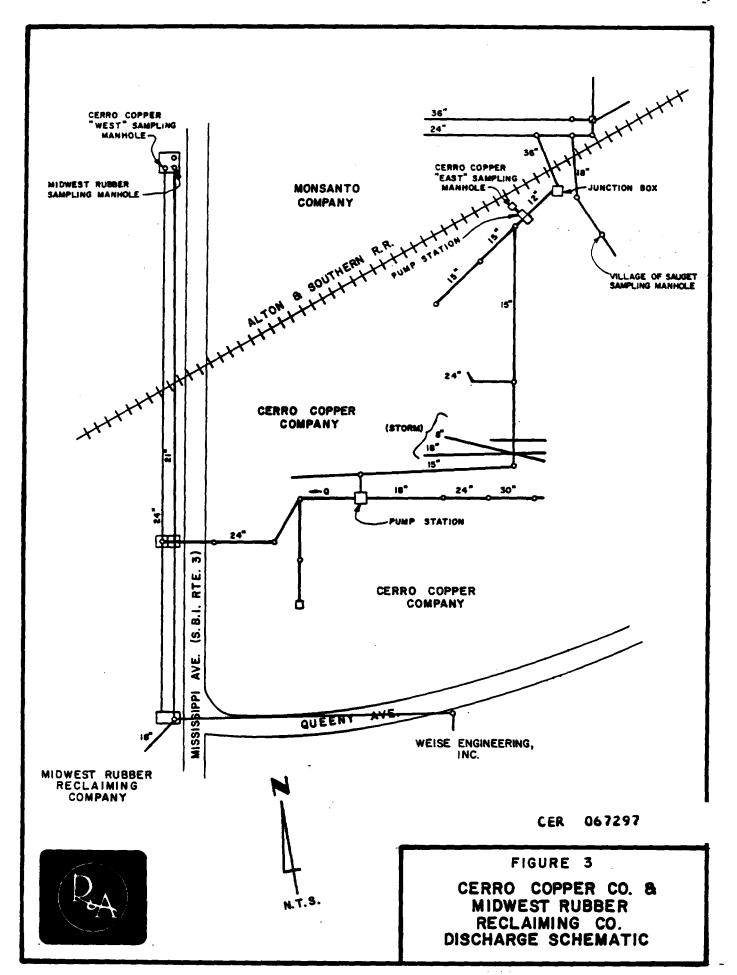
Organic and Inorganic Chemicals

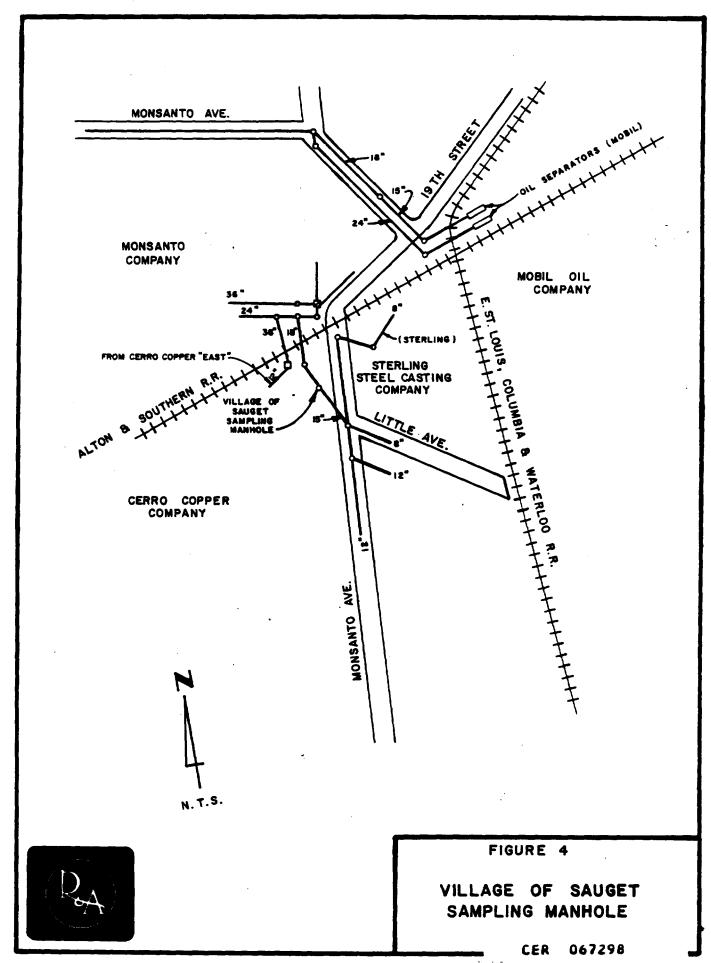
Products:

Organic and Inorganic Chemicals

Discharge Schematic:

Figure 5.





INDUSTRY:

ROGERS CARTAGE CO. 2900 Monsanto Avenue

Sauget, Illinois 62201

SIC:

None

Raw Materials:

Various Miscellaneous Materials from Cleaning Tractor-Trailers (Tankers),

(see Appendix A for listing)

Products:

Not Applicable

Discharge Schematic:

Not Available

INDUSTRY:

STERLING STEEL CO.

2300 Monsanto Avenue Sauget, Illinois 62201

SIC:

3325

Raw Materials:

Steel Scrap

3,500 T/yr

Ferrosilcon Ferromanganese 50 T/yr 65 T/yr

Alloying Elements

15 T/yr

Products:

Carbon and Alloy Steel Castings 3,600 T/yr

Discharge Schematic:

Figure 4.

INDUSTRY:

WEISE PLANNING & ENGINEERING, INC.

1200 Queeny Avenue

Sauget, Illinois 62206

SIC:

None

Raw Materials:

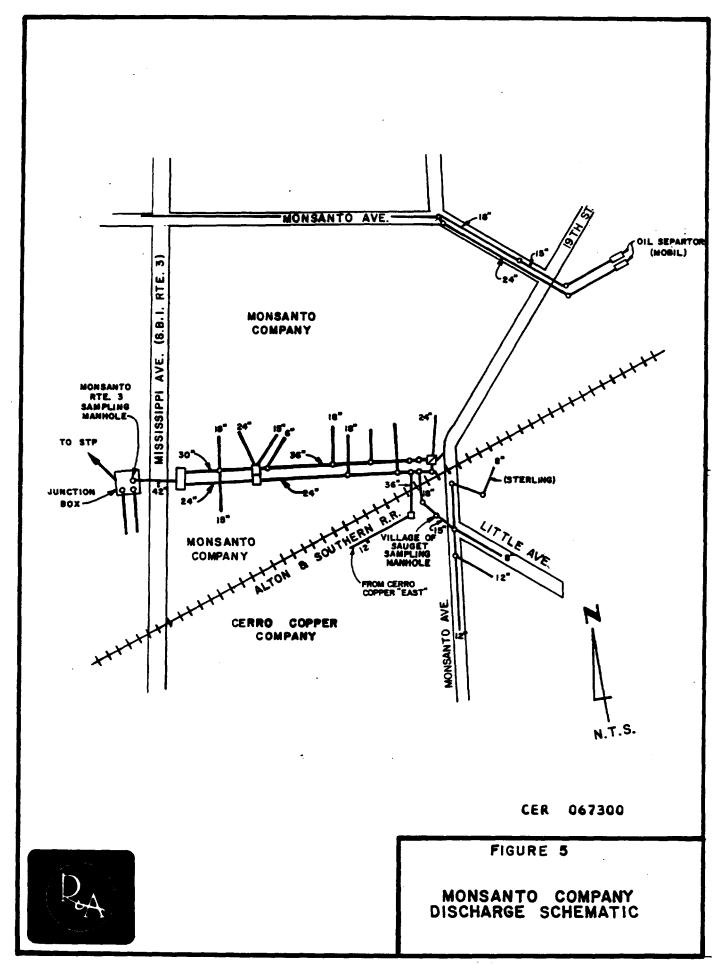
Grease from Steam Cleaning

Products:

None

Discharge Schematic:

Not Available



## <u>Characterization of Industrial Discharge - Sampling Analysis</u>

An established sampling program exists for the industries located in the Village of Sauget, Illinois. The program is operated by Village of Sauget treatment plant personnel and utilizes permanently installed sampling manholes. Flow measurement at the sampling sites is accomplished by ultrasonic type flow meters and samples are collected by peristaltic type composite samplers. The existing sampling equipment was utilized for collecting samples to characterize the industrial discharges for the Pretreatment Program development with the exception of Clayton Chemical Co. A sampler and flowmeter were installed at the Clayton sampling site due to failure of the existing equipment.

All samples were collected over a 24-48 hour period with a sampling frequency of one hour. The individual aliquots were composited, preserved and shipped to the laboratory for analysis. Typical parameters analyzed are shown in Table 1. This list was modified as necessary to meet the particular requirements of an industrial discharge. The results of the sampling program are given in Tables 2 through 8.

TABLE 1
INDUSTRIAL SAMPLING PROGRAM PARAMETER LIST

Bottle(s) Labeled	Pres <b>ervative<sup>(6</sup>)</b> Us <b>ed</b>	Used for these Analysis		
<b>A</b>	Nitric Acid (5 ml/1)	Arsenic Cadmium Copper Iron, Total Lead Mercury Chromium, +3, +6	Nickel Zinc Silver Barium Selenium Manganese	
В	NONE	Acidity Alkalinity Chlorides Iron, Dissolved TOC BOD COD	Fluoride pH Phosphorus Orthophosphorus Solids (TS,TSS) Sulfates	
С	Sulfuric Acid 2 ml/l	Oil & Grease Nitrate-Nitrogen	NH 3-N TKN	
D	Sodium Hydroxide to pH > 12	Cyanide		
, Ε	Phosphoric Acid to pH < 4, 1 g/1 Copper Sulfate	Phenols		

<sup>(6)</sup> Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. 13th Edition, 1971, A.P.H.A., A.W.W.A., W.P.C.F.

TABLE 2

ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: AMAX ZINC SAMPLE TYPE: 48 hr composite

SAMPLE DATE: 10/4/79

FLOW: 0.115 MGD

PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION		MASS LOAD (#/day)
Acidity Alkalinity Chloride Cyanide Fluoride Ammonia TKN Nitrate Oil & Grease pH Phenol Phosphorus (Total) Phosphorus (Ortho) Solids (Total) Sulfate Arsenic Barium Cadmium Chromium (Total) Chromium (Hex) Chromium (Tri)	43 20 390 < 0.01 3.7 2.7 5.9 0.28 12 4.3 25 0.46 0.31 6,000 3,300 9.4 230 190 29 < 20 < 9	mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l	41 19 374 < 0.01 4 3 6 0.27 12 - 0.02 0.44 0.30 5155 3165 0.01 0.22 0.18 0.03 < 0.02 < 0.02
Copper Iron Lead Manganese Mercury Selenium Silver Zinc Iron (Diss) Nickel	500 220 1,200 0.69 64 17 13,000 240	µg/l µg/l µg/l µg/l µg/l µg/l µg/l µg/l	0.06 0.48 0.21 1 0.007 0.06 0.02 13 0.23 0.08

# TABLE 2 (continued)

# ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: AMAX ZINC

SAMPLE TYPE: 24 hr composite

SAMPLE DATE: 10/5/79

FLOW:

0.400 MGD

PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION		MASS LOAD (#/day)
Acidity Alkalinity Chloride Cyanide Fluoride Ammonia TKN	21 190 140 < 0.01 1.4 1.3 7.3	mg/1 mg/1 mg/1 mg/1 mg/1 mg/1	70 634 467 < 0.03 5 4 24
Nitrate Oil & Grease	3.2 16	mg/l mg/l	11 53
рН	7.7		-
Phenol	10	μg/l	0.03
Phosphorus (Total) Phosphorus (Ortho)	0.50 0.06	mg/1 mg/1	2 0.20
Solids (Total)	3,100	mg/1 mg/1	10,342
Sulfate	1,700	mg/1	5,671
Arsenic	61	μ <b>g/1</b>	0.20
Barium	210	μ <b>g/1</b>	0.70
Cadmium Chromium (Total)	110	μ <b>g/</b> ]	0.37
Chromium (Hex)	13 < 20	μg/1	0.04 < 0.07
Chromium (Tri)	≤13	μg/1 μg/1	<0.07 <0.04
Copper	130	μg/1	0.43
Iron	500	μ <b>g/1</b>	2
Lead	130	μ <b>g/1</b>	0.43
Manganese	860	μ <b>g/</b> ]	2.87
Mercury	0.40	μ <b>g/</b> ]	0.01
Selenium Silver	- 29	μg/]	0.10
Zinc	13	μg/]	0.40
Iron (Diss)	6,600	μg/1	22
Nickel	51 59	μ <b>g/</b> ] μ <b>g/</b> ]	0.17 0.20

TABLE 3

ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: CERRO COPPER SAMPLE TYPE: 24 hr. composite

SAMPLE DATE: 8/31/79

FLOW: 0.633 MGD WEST + 0.192 MGD EAST = 0.825 MGD

PARAMETER	EAST	CONCENTRATION	WEST	MASS LOAD (#/day)
Acidity Alkalinity Chloride Cyanide Fluoride Ammonia TKN Nitrate	72 m <0.01 m 0.18 m 3.6 m 5.3 m	ng/l ng/l ng/l ng/l ng/l	26 220 56 <.01 0.95 0.70 3.30 1.40	1738 1161 411 < .07 5.29 10 25 77
Oil & Grease pH Phenol Phosphorus (Total) Phorphorus (Ortho) Solids (Total) Sulfate Arsenic Barium	130 m 2.9 100 u 1.9 m 0.75 m 4700 m 2400 m 210 u 82 u	mg/] mg/] mg/] mg/] mg/] ug/] ug/]	33 7.7 290 0.63 0.06 1300 400 14 290	382 — 8 6 2 14389 5955 .41
Cadmium Chromium (Total) Chromium (Hex) Chromium (Tri) Copper Iron Lead Manganese Mercury Selenium Silver Zinc Iron (Diss) Nickel	350 to 240 to 100 to 140 to 1000000 to 110 to 14900 to 10000 to 1000 to 1000 to 1000 to 1900 t	ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l	150 92 40 52 7600 27000 1000 1900 <0.2 3.30 12.0 3500 140 14000	1 .87 .37 .49 .46 1744 .5 .18 <.0013 .0176 .073 .20 .4 .167

# TABLE 3 (continued)

#### ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: CERRO COPPER

SAMPLE TYPE: 24 hr. composite

SAMPLE DATE: 10/2/79

FLOW: 0.221 MGD EAST + 0.743 MGD WEST = 0.964 MGD

PARAMETER	EAST	CONCENTRATION	WEST	MASS LOAD (#/day)
Acidity	520 m	na / 1	57	1311
Alkalinity	3.0 m	0.61	240	1493
Chloride	42 m	a/1	72	523
Cyanide	<0.01 m	Ϊλοι Γλο	0.01	< .08
Fluoride	0.83 m	g/1	1.2	9
Ammonia	2.1 m		1.4	13
TKN	2.9 m		3.7	28
Nitrate	0.90 m		1.4	11
Oil & Grease	140 m		16	357
pH		•	7.5	55
Pheno1	100 u	g/]	130	.99
Phosphorus (Total)	0.33 m	9/1	1.6	11
Phorphorus (Ortho)	0.03 m	g/l	0.03	.25
Solids (Total)	1500 m	f\g	1600	12679
Sulfate	750 m	g/1	550	4790
Arsenic	14 u	g/1	26	.19
Barium	190 u	ſΛρ	660	4
Cadmium	72 u	g/1	840	5
Chromium (Total)		g/1	64	.51
Chromium (Hex)	20 u		20	.16
Chromium (Tri)	37 u	9/]	44	.34
Copper	6900 u	9/1	19000	121 783
Iron	290000 u	<b>19/1</b>	40000	763 15
Lead	140 u		2500 2400	18
Manganese		g/ <u>]</u>		< .007
Mercury		g/ <u>]</u>	1.2	.027
Selenium		g/]	4.0	.09
Silver	5.8 u	9/1	13 18000	123
Zinc	5800 u			370
Iron (Diss)		<b>19/</b> ]	110 23000	165
Nickel	ى 12000	9/1	23000	103

TABLE 4

## ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: CLAYTON CHEMICAL CO. SAMPLE TYPE: 24 hr Composite

SAMPLE DATE: 10/3/79

FLOW: 0.03 MGD

PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION	MASS LOAD (#/day)
Acidity	35 mg/]	9
Alkalinity	450 mg/l	113
Chloride	310 mg/1	78
Cyanide	< 0.01  mg/l	< 0.003
Fluoride	0.76 mg/l	0.19
Ammonia	0.84 mg/l	0.21
TKN	2.0 mg/l	0.50
Nitrate	0.25 mg/1	0.06
Oil & Grease	5 mg/1	1.25
pH	7.5 -	-
Pheno1	310 µg/1	0.08
Phosphorus (Total)	0.33  mg/l	0.08
Phosphorus (Ortho)	0.19  mg/l	0.05
Solids (Total)	1,400 mg/l	350
Sulfate	40 mg/l	10
Arsenic	3.7 µg/]	0.0009
Barium	720 µg/l	0.18
Cadmium	9.8 µg/1	0.002
Chromium (Total)	27 µg/1	0.007
Chromium (Hex)	20 µg/]	0.005
Chromium (Tri)	7 µg/]	0.002
Copper	21 µg/l	0.005
Iron	10,000 μg/1	2.5
Lead	66 µg/1	0.02
Manganese	2,100 μg/l	0.53
Mercury	0.43 μg/l	0.0001
Selenium	- 3.4 μg/l	0.0009
Silver	6.0 µg/l	0.002
Zinc	52 µg/]	0.013
Iron (Diss)	190 µg/l	0.05
Nickel	48 µg/l	0.012

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# TABLE 4 (continued)

# ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: CLAYTON CHEMICAL CO. SAMPLE TYPE: 24 hr. Composite

SAMPLE DATE: 10/4/79

FLOW: 0.03 MGD

PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION		MASS LOAD (#/day)
Acidity	64	mg/l	16
Alkalinity	640	mg/l	160
Chloride	290	mg/l	73
Cyanide	< 0.01	mg/l	< 0.003
Fluoride	0.27	mg/l	0.07
Ammonia	0.25	mg/l	0.06
TKN	1.6	mg/l	0.40
Nitrate	0.16	mg/l	0.04
Oil & Grease	9.2	mg/l	2.30
рН	•	•	-
Phenol	230	μg/l	0.06
Phosphorus (Total)	0.54	mg/l	0.14
Phosphorus (Ortho)	0.19	mg/l	0.05
Solids (Total)	1,600	mg/l	400
Sulfate	36	mg/l	9
Arsenic	6.5	μg/1	0.002
Barium	1,100	μ <b>g/</b> ]	0.28
Cadmium	8.8	μ <b>g</b> /1	0.002
Chromium (Total)	16	μ <b>g/</b> 1	0.004
Chromium (Hex)	· < 20	μg/l	< 0.005
Chromium (Tri)	< 16	μg/l	<u>&lt;</u> 0.004
Copper	20	μ <b>g/</b> 1	0.005
Iron	26,000	μg/l	6
Lead	61	μ <b>g</b> /1	0.02
Manganese	2,700	μ <b>g</b> /1	0.68
Mercury	< 0.2	μg/l	< 0.00005
Selenium	1.8	μg/l	0.0004
Silver	5.0	μ <b>g/</b> 1	0.001
Zinc	61	μ <b>g/l</b>	0.02
Iron (Diss)	140	μ <b>g/1</b>	0.04
Nickel	39	μ <b>g</b> /1	0.009

TABLE 5

#### ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: EDWIN COOPER SAMPLE TYPE: 48 hr. composite

SAMPLE DATE: 10/3/79

FLOW: 0.518 MGD EAST + 0.229 MGD WEST = .747 MGD

PARAMETER	<u>CONCENTRATION</u>	WEST	MASS LOAD (#/day)
Acidity	7.8 mg/l	2500	4809
Alkalinity	290 mg/l	0	1253
Chloride	56 mg/l	130	490
Cyanide Fluoride Ammonia TKN	<pre>&lt;0.01 mg/1 0.68 mg/1 0.14 mg/1</pre>	<0.01 0.30 1.5	< .45 4 4
Nitrate Oil & Grease pH	1.7 mg/l 1.4 mg/l 16 mg/l 7.6	4.4 1.4 330 1.8	15 9 699 36
Phenol Phosphorus (Total) Phorphorus (Ortho)	10 ug/]	1700	3.04
	3.3 mg/]	3.3	7.7
	.18 mg/]	2.3	5.18
Solids (Total)	510 mg/l	4200	10225
Sulfate	130 mg/l	3000	6292
Arsenic	3.1 ug/l	14	.043
Barium	150 ug/l	1200	3
Cadmium Chromium (Total) Chromium (Hex)	9.5 ug/]	32	.10
	38 ug/]	3500	6.86
	20 ug/]	80	.24
Chromium (Tri)	18 ug/l	3400	6.58
Copper	28 ug/l	110	.33
Iron	1500 ug/l	6200	18.5
Lead	62 ug/l	710	1.67
Manganese	220 ug/l	250	1.43
Mercury	<0.2 ug/l	0.69	<.0022
Selenium	1.8 ug/l	1.6	.011
Silver	3.0 ug/l	6.8	.025
Zinc Iron (Diss) Nickel	700 ug/1 92 ug/1 18 ug/1	2300 5300 82	.025 7 10 .24

# TABLE 5 (continued)

#### ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: EDWIN COOPER

SAMPLE TYPE: 24 hr. composite

SAMPLE DATE: 10/4/79

FLOW: 0.518 MGD EAST + 0.229 MGD WEST = 0.747 MGD

PARAMETER	EAST	CONCENTRATION	WEST	MASS LOAD TOTAL	(#/day)
	CASI		MESI	IUIAL	
Acidity	23 mg	IA1	3200	6211	
Alkalinity	270 mg		0	1116	
Chloride	160 mg		480	1608	
Cyanide	< 0.01 mg	i/i	<0.01	< 0.62	
Fluoride	0.49 mg	i/i	<0.01	< 2	
Ammonia	0.62 mg	์ ไม่ใ	3.7	10	
TKN	2.2 mg	וֹאֹוֹ	4.4	18	
Nitrate	1.5 mg	ίλὶ	1.8	10	
Oil & Grease	10 mg	ΪΑÌ	160	349	
pH	7.4	· ·	1.8	-	
Pheno1	10 ug	ſĄΊ	1500	3	
Phosphorus (Total)	0.37 mg	/1	4.7	11	
Phorphorus (Ortho)	0.13 mg	M	3.0	6	•
Solids (Total)	770 mg	<b>/</b> /1	2900	8865	
Sulfate	170 mg	Й	2100	4745	
Arsenic	1.9 ug	M	29	.063	
Barium	140 uģ	<i>i</i> /1	990	2	
Cadmium	9.1 ug	<i>i</i> /1	20	.078	
Chromium (Total)	21 ug	λì	1300	3	
Chromium (Hex)	20 ug	M	140	.166	
Chromium (Tri)	1.0 ug		1260	2	
Copper	24 ug	<b>/</b> 1	74	.241	
Iron	1400 ug		4800	15	
Lead	49 ug		440	7	
Manganese	210 ug		130	1	
Mercury	0.46 ug	<b>M</b>	<0.2	< .0024	
Selenium	1.8 ug		4	.016	
Silver	4 ug		6	.031	
Zinc	380 ug		2300	6	
Iron (Diss)	130 ug	A	3900	8	
Nickel	22 uģ	<b>/</b> 1	62	.208	

### TABLE 6

### ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: MIDWEST RUBBER INC. SAMPLING TYPE: 48 hr. composite

SAMPLE DATE: 9/10/79

FLOW: 0.210 MGD

PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION	MASS LOAD (#/day)
Acidity	12 mg/1	21
Alkalinity	240 mg/l	420
Chloride	56 mg/l	98
Cyanide	< 0.01  mg/l	< -02
Fluoride	0.84 mg/l	1.5
Ammonia	0.56  mg/l	1
TKN	3.9 mg/l	7
Nitrate	3.0 mg/l	5
Oil & Grease	41 mg/1	72
pН	7.8	<b>-</b> _
Pheno1	300 μg/1	.5
Phosphorus(Total)	0.94  mg/1	1.6
Phosphorus(Ortho)	0.37 mg/1	.6
Solids (Total)	700 mg/1	1226
Sulfate	150 mg/1	263
Arsenic	36 µg/l	.06
Barium	74 µg/1	.13
Cadmium	120 µg/1	.21
Chromium (Total)	1300 µg/1	2
Chromium (Hex)	80 μg/l	.14
Chromium (Tri)	1200 µg/1	2
Copper	2100 µg/1	4
Iron	9200 µg/1	16
Lead	510 µg/l	.89
Manganese	570 μg/1	1
Mercury	< 0.2 µg/l	< .004
Selenium	- 5.6 μg/l	.01
Silver	6.3 µg/l	.01
Zinc	1900 µg/l	3
Iron (Diss)	50 μg/l	.09
Nickel	3700 μg/l	6.5

# TABLE 6 (continued)

### ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: MIDWEST RUBBER INC.

SAMPLE TYPE: 48 Hr. Composite

SAMPLE DATE: 10/2/79

FLOW: 0.209 MGD

PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION	MASS LOAD (#/day)
Acidity	0 mg/l	0
Alkalinity	1,500 mg/l	2,615
Chloride	31 mg/l	54
Cyanide	< 0.01 mg/l	< .017
Fluoride	0.62 mg/l	1
Ammonia	2.1 mg/l	4
TKN	3.4 mg/l	4 6 3
Nitrate	1.8 mg/l	3
Oil & Grease	300 mg/l	523
рH	12.0 -	, <del>-</del>
Phenol	14,000 μg/l	24
Phosphorus (Total)	1.3 mg/l	2
Phosphorus (Ortho)	0.09 mg/l	.16
Solids (Total)	3,700 mg/l	6449
Sulfate	160 mg/l	279
Arsenic	4.5 μg/l	.008
Barium	520 μg/1	.91
Cadmium	10 μg/l	.017
Chromium (Total)	1,400 µg/l	2
Chromium (Hex)	40 µg/1	.07
Chromium (Tri)	1,360 µg/l	2
Copper	100 ug/l	.17
Iron	3,700 µg/l	6
Lead	320 µg/1	.56
Manganese	200 µg/l	.35
Mercury	< 0.2 µg/]	< .0003
Selenium	5.1 µg/l	.009
Silver	10 µg/l	.017
Zinc	6,900 µg/1	12
Iron (Diss)	64 µg/1	.11
Nickel	63 µg/1	.11

#### TABLE 7

#### MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: MONSANTO COMPANY SAMPLE TYPE: 24 hr. Composite

SAMPLE DATE: 8/31/79

7.6882 MGD RT 3 Manhole
.2920 MGD Cerro East + Village of Sauget
7.3762 MGD Total FLOW:

<u>PARAMETER</u>		MASS	LOAD (#/day)	
	<u>RT 3</u>	 (CERRO EAST	+ <u>VILLAGE</u> )	= MONSANTO
Acidity	28778	1601	8.34	27169
Alkalinity	-	-	-	<del>-</del> ,
Chloride	115112	115	25	114972
Cyanide	< .64	0.02	< .008	< 0.61
Fluoride	16	0.29	10	5.71
Ammonia	19185	6	1	19178
TKN	23661	8	7	23646
Nitrate	1534	70	2	1462
Oil & Grease	2174	· 208	70	1896
pН	-	-	-	<b>-</b>
Phenol	959	0.16	.12	958.72
Phosphorus (Total)	249	3	4	242
Phosphorus (Ortho)	70	1 '	.32	67
Solids (Total)	377311	7526	1668	368117
Sulfate	95926	3843	58	92025
Arsenic	.70	0.34	.03	0.33
Barium	5	0.13	.21	4.66
Cadmium	1	0.56	.05	0.44
Chromium (Total)	15	0.38	.03	14.59
Chromium (Hex)	≤ .64	0.16	< .008	<u>&lt;</u> 0.47
Chromium (Tri)	≥ 15	0.22	₹ .03	<u>&lt;</u> 14.75
Copper	249	6	.06	243
Iron	1534	1601	6	0
Lead	3	0.18	.08	2.74
Manganese	10	8	.31	1.69
Mercury	0.2	0.0003	.0002	0.199
Selenium	4	0.0006	.005	3.99
Silver	0.35	0.013	.002	0.32
Zinc	76	2	.83	73
Iron (Diss)	1342	3	1	1338
Nickel	108	93	.05	15

## TABLE 7 (continued)

#### MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: MONSANTO COMPANY SAMPLE TYPE: 24 hr. Composite

SAMPLE DATE: 10/2/79

6.9555 MGD RT 3 Manhole FLOW:

.3208 MGD Cerro Copper East + Village of Sauget 6.6347 MGD Total

PARAMETER	MASS LOAD (#/day)			
	RT 3 -	(CERRO EAST	+ <u>VILLAGE</u> )	= MONSANTO
Acidity	139,231	958	34	138239
Alkalinity	0	6	208	0
Chloride	380	77	25	278
Cyanide	.014	.02	.008	0
Fluoride	0.47	1.53	1	0
Ammonia	6381	3.87	3	6374
TKN	11022	5.35	19	10998
Nitrate	17	1.66	.15	15
Oil & Grease	3886	258	383	3245
pH	-	-	-	-
Phenol	638	.18	1	637
Phosphorus (Total)	1218	.61	7	1210
Phosphorus (Ortho)	272	.056	3	269
Solids (Total)	516316	2765	1084	512467
Sulfate	168237	1382	208	166647
Arsenic	. 64	.026	.003	.611
Barium	12	.35	. 35	11
Cadmium	1	.133	.008	.859
Chromium (Total)	. 11	.11	. 04	10.9
Chromium (Hex)	1	. 04	< .02	< 0.94
Chromium (Tri)	10	.07	<u>&lt;</u> .022	< 9.98 <b>≤</b>
Copper	24	13	.07	10.9
Iron	1218	535	4	679
Lead	8	.29	. 15	7:59%
Manganese	8	3	1.	4
Mercury	.23	< .00003	< .0002	< 0.23
Selenium	.13	.002	.0009	0.11
Silver	.12	.01	.003	0.11
Zinc	37	11	6	20
Iron (Diss)	870	369	1	500
Nickel	35	22	.08	13

TABLE 7a

#### ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

SAMPLE DATE: 8/31/79

FLOW: 7.6682 MGD

PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION	MASS LOAD (#/day)
Acidity	450 mg/l	28,778
Alkalinity	-	-
Chloride	1,800 mg/l	115,112
Cyanide	< 0.01  mg/l	< .64
Fluoride	0.26 mg/l	17
Ammonia	300 mg/l	19,185
TKN	370 mg/l	23,661
Nitrate	24 mg/1	1,535
Oil & Grease	34 mg/1	2,174
pH		<del>-</del>
Phenol	15,000 μg/l	959
Phosphorus (Total)	3.9 mg/l	249
Phosphorus (Ortho)	1.1 mg/l	70
Solids (Total)	5,900 mg/l	377,311
Sulfate	1,500 mg/l	95,9 <u>2</u> 7
Arsenic	11 μ <b>g/</b> 1	· .70
Barium	89 µg/1	6
Cadmium	23 µg/1	1
Chromium (Total)	250 µg/1	15
Chromium (Hex)	< 10 µg/1	<u>&lt;</u> .64
Chromium (Tri)	< 240 µg/1	_< 15
Copper	$3,900 \mu g/1$	<sup>—</sup> 249
Iron	24,000 µg/l	1,535
Lead	51 µg/l	3
Manganese	170 µg/1	10
Mercury	3.2 µg/1	0.2
Selenium	6.7 µg/l	4
Silver	5.4 µg/1	0.35
Zinc	1,200 µg/1	, <b>76</b>
Iron (Diss)	21,000 µg/l	1,343
Nickel	1,700 ug/l	109

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Monsanto, Cerro Copper-East, Village of Sauget

# TABLE 7a (continued)

#### ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: Rt. 3 Sampling Manhole\* SAMPLE TYPE: 24 hr Composite

SAMPLE DATE: 10/2/79

FLOW: 6.956 MGD

PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION	MASS LOAD (#/day)
Acidity	2,400 mg/l	139,231
Alkalinity	0 mg/1	0
Chloride	380 mg/1	. 22,045
Cyanide	.014 mg/1	.81
Fluoride	0.47 mg/1	27
Ammonia	110 mg/l	6,381
TKN	190 mg/l	11,022
Nitrate	0.30 mg/l	17
Oil & Grease	67 mg/l	3,887
pH	1.8 _	-
Phenol	11,000 μg/l	638
Phosphorus (Total)	21 mg/l	1218
Phosphorus (Ortho)	4.7 mg/l	273
Solids (Total)	8,900 mg/l	516,316
Sulfate	2,900 mg/l	168,238
Arsenic	11 µg/1	. 64
Barium	210 µg/l	12
Cadmium	21 µg/l	1
Chromium (Total)	200 μg/l	11
Chromium (Hex)	20 μg/1	1
Chromium (Tri)	180 μg/l	10
Copper	420 µg/l	24
Iron	21,000 µg/l	1218
Lead	150 µg/l	8
Manganese	140 µg/l	8
Mercury	4.0 µg/l	.23
Selenium	- 2.2 μg/l	.13
Silver	2.0 µg/l	.12
Zinc	650 µg/l	37
Iron (Diss)	15,000 <sup>ug/]</sup>	870
Nickel	620 µg/l	35

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Monsanto, Cerro Copper-East, Village of Sauget

TABLE 8

## ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: VILLAGE OF SAUGET\*

SAMPLE TYPE: 24 hr Composite

SAMPLE DATE: 10/2/79

FLOW: 0.100 MGD

PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION	MASS LOAD (#/day)
Acidity	41 mg/1	34
Alkalinity	250 mg/1	209
Chloride	31 mg/l	26
Cyanide	0.01 mg/l	.008
Fluoride	1.5 mg/l	1
Ammonia	4.6 mg/l	4
TKN	23 mg/l	19
Nitrate	0.18 mg/l	.15
Oil & Grease	460 mg/l	384
рH	6.3 - 11	-
Phenol	1,300 µg/l	1
Phosphorus (Total)	8.5 mg/l	7
Phosphorus (Ortho)	. 3.6 mg/l	3
Solids (Total)	1,300 mg/l	1084
Sulfate	250 mg/l	209
Arsenic	3.7 μg/l	003
Barium	420 μg/l	. 35
Cadmium	10 µg/1	.008
Chromium (Total)	46 µg/1	.04
Chromium (Hex)	'< 20 μg/1	<. 02
Chromium (Tri)	< 26 µg/1	<u>&lt;</u> .022
Copper	88 µg/1	. 07
Iron	5,700 µg/1	5
Lead	190 µg/1	. 15
Manganese	2,000 µg/1	1
Mercury	< 0.2 µg/1	< .0002
Selenium	1.1 µg/l	.0009
Silver	3.6 µg/l	.003
Zinc	8,300 µg/l	6
Iron (Diss)	2,000 µg/l	2
Nickel	100 µg/1	.08

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Sterling Steel and Rogers Cartage

# TABLE 8a (continued)

## ANALYSIS RESULTS AND MASS LOAD CALCULATIONS

INDUSTRY: VILLAGE OF SAUGET\*

SAMPLE TYPE: 48 hr. Composite

SAMPLE DATE: 8/31/79

FLOW: 0 .100 MGD

PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION	MASS LOAD (#/day)	
Acidity	10 mg/l	8.34	
Alkalinity	440 mg/1	367	
Chloride	31 mg/l	26	
Cyanide	< 0.01  mg/l	< .008	
Fluoride	13 mg/l	11	
Ammonia	2.0 mg/l	2	
TKN	9.5 mg/l	8 3	
Nitrate	3.5 mg/l		
Oil & Grease	<b>84 mg/l</b>	70	
pH	•	-	
Pheno1	140 µg/1	.12	
Phosphorus (Total)	5.1 mg/1	4	
Phosphorus (Ortho)	0.38 mg/l	. 32	
Solids (Total)	2,000 mg/1	1668	
Sulfate	70 mg/1	58	
Arsenic	34 μg/1	.03	
Barium	250 μg/1	.21	
Cadmium	6.4 µg/l	. 05	
Chromium (Total)	40 µg/]	. 03	
Chromium (Hex)	< 10 µg/1	≤ .008	
Chromium (Tri)	≥ 30 <sup>μ</sup> g/]	≥ .03	
Copper	- 68 μg/1	06	
Iron	8,200 µg/1	6	
Lead	91 μg/l	.08	
Manganese	370 µg/1	31	
Mercury	< 0.2 µg/l	<.001	
Selenium	5.4 µg/1	.005	
Silver	2.6 µg/1	.002	
Zinc Iron (Dicc)	1000 µg/1	.83	
Iron (Diss) Nickel	1,900 µg/l	1 . 05	
HICKET	56 μg/l	, 03	

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Sterling Steel and Rogers Cartage

#### SECTION IV - REVISION OF PRETREATMENT STANDARDS

#### Industrial Users Subject to Pretreatment Standards

As specified in the National Resources Defense Council (NRDC) Consent Decree of 1976 and 1979, 34 industrial categories will have national categorical pretreatment standards promulgated. These standards will limit the amounts of particular pollutants that can be discharged to municipal sewers.

In the Sauget industrial complex served by the Village of Sauget POTW, there are seven IU's potentially subject to categorical pretreatment standards. These industries are listed in Table 9. In accordance with Section 403.7, General Pretreatment Regulations(7), these industries can apply (via the POTW) for authorization to revise any discharge limits (i.e. categorical pretreatment standards) promulgated for each specific industrial category. These applications shall be contingent on the currently demonstrated consistent removal that is accomplished by the present Village of Sauget POTW or the proposed new Regional POTW. The percentage removal of each parameter for which a pertinent categorical pretreatment standard is promulgated will be evaluated and authorization for standard revision will be requested in the applications.

### Parameters Subject to Revision of Pretreatment Standard Application

At a minimum, any pretreatment standard promulgated that imposes limits on the parameters listed in Table 10 will be potentially subject to application for standard revision by the Village of Sauget.(8) This application will be justified by influent and effluent data representing yearly and seasonal conditions and indicating the percentage removal data required for revision

- (7) Federal Register, Vol 46, No. 18, Part 403.7, Wednesday, January 28, 1981.
- (8) <u>Federal Regsiter</u>, Vol 46, No. 18, Part 403.7(c)(1), Wednesday January 28, 1981.

approval. The revised discharge limit being requested will be stated in the application once the pretreatment standard limit is promulgated and finalized.

#### TABLE 9

## SAUGET INDUSTRIES POTENTIALLY SUBJECT TO CATEGORICAL PRETREATMENT STANDARDS

#### Industry

AMAX Zinc, Inc.

Cerro Copper, Inc.

Clayton Chemical Co.

Edwin Cooper, Inc.

Midwest Rubber Reclaiming, Inc.

Monsanto Company

Sterling Steel Co.

#### NRDC Consent Decree Category

Non-ferrous Metals

Copper Forming

Organic Chemicals

Organic Chemicals

Rubber

Organic Chemicals

Foundries

#### TABLE 10

## INITIAL PARAMETER LISTING FOR REVISION OF CATEGORICAL PRETREATMENT STANDARD

Parameter

Arsenic

B005\*

COD

Cadmium

Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

Chromium

Copper\*

Cyanide\*

Iron\*

Lead\*

Mercury\*

Nickel\*

Oil and Grease\*

pH\*

Phenolic Compounds\*

Silver

Total Suspended Solids\*

Total Dissolved Solids

Zinc\*

Revised Limit Requested

All Limits Requested will be Based on Promulgated

Final Categorical Pretreatment

Standard

<sup>\*</sup>Parameters currently monitored by the Village of Sauget POTW.

#### Determination of Revised Pretreatment Standards

National Pretreatment Standards will be established for specific industrial subcategories. The standards will be expressed as concentration limits and where possible, equivalent mass limits will be provided. Limits specified by Standards will apply to the effluent of the process regulated by the Standard.

When a regulated process effluent is mixed prior to treatment with wastewaters other than those generated by the regulated process, which is the case in the Sauget industrial complex, alternative discharge limits may be derived. These alternative limits may be derived by the Village of Sauget or the industrial user with written concurrence of the Village. (9) Alternative limits, both daily maximum and long term average values, are calculated based on the limits established by the Pretreatment Standard. The limit calculated is accomplished by using the following formulae: (10)

#### Alternative Concentration Limit Formula

$$C_{T} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_{i} F_{i}}{N} = \frac{F_{T} - F_{D}}{F_{T}}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\Sigma} F_{i} = F_{T}$$

 $C_T$  = Alternative concentration limit

C<sub>i</sub> = Pretreatment Standard for pollutant in regulated stream i

 $F_i$  = Average daily flow of stream i (30 day ave.)

FD = Average daily flow (30 day ave.) from: (continued next page)

- (°) <u>Federal Register</u>, Vol. 46, No. 18, Part 403.6(e), Wednesday, January 28, 1981
- (10) Ibid, Part 406.(e)(1)(i).

- (1) boiler blowdown
- (2) non-contact cooling streams
- (3) sanitary wastestreams
- (4) any wastestream which were or could have been exempted from

  Pretreatment Standards for one or more of the following reasons:
  - (a) the pollutants of concern are not detectable in the effluent from the Industrial User;
  - (b) the pollutants of concern are present only in trace amounts and are neither causing nor likely to cause toxic effects;
  - (c) the pollutants of concern are present in amounts too small to be effectively reduced by technologies known; or
  - (d) the wastestream contains only pollutants which are compatible with the POTW.
- $F_T$  = Average daily flow (30 day ave.) through the combined treatment facility including  $F_1$ ,  $F_D$  and unregulated streams
- N = the total number of regulated streams

#### Alternative Mass Limit Formula

$$M_{T} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} M_{i} \frac{F_{T} - F_{D}}{N}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\Sigma} F_{i}$$

M<sub>T</sub> = Alternate mass limit

M<sub>i</sub> = Pretreatment Standard mass limit for pollutant in regulated stream i

Fi = (as previously indicated)

FD = (as previously indicated)

FT = (as previously indicated)

N = (as previously indicated)

#### Alternative Limits Monitoring Requirements

Particular self-monitoring requirements to insure compliance with the alternative limit will be specified by referencing the requirements stated with the appropriate Pretreatment Standard. These requirements will include type and frequency of sampling, analysis and flow measurement.

Revision of Pretreatment Standards to Reflect POTW Removal of Pollutants

The application for revision of Pretreatment Standards must meet certain criteria and the POTW must follow certain procedures to receive authorization.

The application for standard revision must contain documentation of consistent removal at the POTW of the pollutant for which revision is being sought. Consistant removal is defined as the average of the lowest 50 percent of the removals measured according to specific procedures.(11) Each Pretreatment Standard will specify whether or not a removal allowance may be granted for indicator or surrogate pollutants that could be used to demonstrate removal. The contents of application to revise discharge limits is as follows:

- A list of pollutants for which discharge limit revisions are proposed;
- POTW influent and effluent operational data demonstrating consistent removal of the pollutants for which discharge limit revisions are prepared;
- 3. A list of the industrial subcategories for which revised

  Pretreatment Standards are being sought including the number of industrial users in each sbucategory and an identification
- (11) <u>Federal Register</u>, Vol 46, No. 18, Part 403.7(a)(2), Wednesday, January 28, 1981.

- of which subject pollutants are discharged by each subcategory;
- Proposed revised discharge limits for each subject industrial subcategory;
- 5. Data showing the concentrations and amounts of subject pollutants in the POTW's sludge;
- 6. Description of the POTW's current sludge disposal method and data demonstrating that current sludge disposal methods comply with all applicable sludge disposal regulations; and
- 7. A certification statement to accompany the application and signed by a principal executive officer, ranking elected official or other duly authorized employee if such employee is responsible for overall operation of the POTW. The statement shall be as follows:

  "I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in the attached document, and I hereby certify under penalty of law that this information was obtained in accordance with the requirements of § 403.7(d)(12) Moreover, based upon my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information reported herein. I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate and complete, I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment."

#### Data Collection Procedures

Data submitted to document consistent removal of pollutants by the POTW must meet the following requirements:

(12) Ibid, Part 403.7(6)(2)(ii).

- 1. Data shall be representative of yearly and seasonal conditions;
- Data shall be representative of the quality and quantity of normal effluent and influent flow of the POTW;
- 3. Influent and effluent operational data shall meet the following criteria:
  - (a) obtained through 24-hour flow-proportional composite samples;
  - (b) from samples collected manually or automatically, and discretely or continuously;
  - (c) discrete samples must contain at least 12 aliquots;
  - (d) discrete samples may be flow proportional either by varying the time interval between each aliquot or the volume of each aliquot;
  - (e) twelve (12) samples shall be taken at approximately equal intervals throughout one full year;
  - (f) sampling must be evenly distributed over the days of the week so as to include non-work days as well as work days;
  - (g) effluent sample collection need not be delayed to compensate for hydraulic detention <u>unless</u> the POTW elects to do so or the Approval Authority requires it;
  - (h) grab samples shall be taken when composite sampling is not appropriate; and
  - (i) analysis of samples shall be performed in accordance with the techniques prescribed in 40 CFR Part 136 and amendments thereto.

The POTW may utilize an historical data base gathered prior to the effective date of the General Pretreatment Regulations for Existing and New Sources (March 13, 1981). Utilization is subject to approval by the Approval Authority. At least one year of data must be used.

- 4. Data on sludge characteristics shall meet the following criteria:
  - (a) data shall be obtained through composite sampling and each composite shall consist of a minimum of 12 discrete samples taken at equal time intervals over a 24 hour period;
  - (b) grab samples shall be taken where a composite sample is not appropriate; and
  - (c) sampling and analysis shall be performed in accordance with 40 CFR, Part 136 and amendments thereto.

#### Calculation of Revised Discharge Limits

Proposed revised discharge limits for an industrial subcategory are calculated utilizing the following formula:

$$Y = \frac{X}{1-r}$$

where: X = Pretreatment Standard (13)

r = POTW's Consistent Removal rate for the pollutant
 (percentage expressed as a decimal)

Y = Revised discharge limit

Removal for a specific pollutant as determined by measuring the difference between the concentration of the pollutant in the influent and effluent

(13) Though not specified in Regulations, it is assumed that an Alternative Limit as previously explained in this Section IV could be used in lieu of the Categorical Pretreatment Standard.

of the POTW and expressing the difference as a percent of the influent concentration. In calculating revised discharge limits, the revision shall apply equally to all industrial users subject to the Pretreatment Standard.

#### SECTION V - EXISTING SLUDGE DISPOSAL PRACTICES

#### Current Disposal Method

Filter cake sludge generated by the Village of Sauget POTW is hauled by a private contractor to a landfill for disposal. The Village monitors the waste characteristics of the sludge generated, as required, to comply with the IEPA's Waste Disposal Permit Program. The Village has a sludge disposal permit from the IEPA and the landfill receiving the POTW sludge has the required status as designated by the IEPA for accepting this type of sludge. See Appendix B for copy of Village of Sauget Special Waste Disposal Permit.

In accordance with the General Pretreatment Regulations, any sludge sampling required in addition to that already accomplished shall be a grab sample representative of a 24 hour period. In addition, this sludge sampling will be correlated with any future and currently on-going POTW influent-effluent sampling program.

#### Effect of Pretreatment Standard Revision on Sludge Disposal

Revision of any categorical pretreatment standard will not affect the POTW's compliance with current IEPA sludge disposal criteria. If required, the POTW will submit additional data demonstrating this compliance.

#### SECTION VI - EXISTING INDUSTRIAL MONITORING PROGRAM

The Village of Sauget POTW currently conducts an industrial discharge monitoring program. The program has been in operation since 1977 and has well established procedures for monitoring the industries' influents to the plant. The POTW shall receive the full cooperation of the industries it serves including regular communication concerning potential problems due to unusual influent loadings.

#### Sampling Program

The Village monitoring program utilizes sampling manholes with permanently installed samplers and flow meters. Flow measurement at the sampling site is accomplished by ultrasonic type flow meters and samples are collected by peristaltic type composite samplers. Treatment plant personnel maintain a 7 day per week operation and maintenance schedule for the monitoring equipment. Composite samples are collected a minimum of three times per week and transported to the treatment plant's laboratory facility for analysis. Flow data for each of the sampling points is recorded at time of sample pickup. In conjunction with the sampling of the individual industrial waste streams, the influent and effluent of the POTW are sampled as required to insure NPDES permit compliance. This data is correlated to the sampling manhole data as necessary.

#### Analysis Procedures

All analysis procedures utilized by the treatment plant laboratory personnel are as stated in the current edition of <u>Standard Methods</u> (14) or <u>Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes</u>.(15) Parameters analyzed for by the

- (14) <u>Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater</u>. Current Edition, A.P.H.A., A.W.W.A., W.P.C.F.
- (15) Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes, Ohio, USEPA, March, 1979.

treatment plant as listed in Table 10 on Page 40. This list is supplemented as required by additional parameters.

The existing Village of Sauget industrial user monitoring program provides the basic structure for meeting pretreatment program requirements. However, certain additions and modifications are recommended as necessary changes to:

(1) totally fulfill all federal requirements, and (2) insure all industrial discharges are adequately and equitably regulated.

#### Additional Construction and Corrective Measures Recommended

It is recommended that these specific additions and modifications be made by the industrial users of the Village of Sauget POTW for self-monitoring and to the existing Village of Sauget POTW Industrial User monitoring network.

For the industries potentially subject to Categorical Pretreatment Standards, which includes <u>AMAX Zinc</u>, <u>Inc.</u>, <u>Cerro Copper</u>, <u>Inc.</u>, <u>Clayton Chemical Co.</u>, <u>Edwin Cooper</u>, <u>Inc.</u>, <u>Midwest Rubber Reclaiming</u>, <u>Inc.</u>, <u>Monsanto Co.</u>, and <u>Sterling Steel Co.</u>, it is recommended that the following additions be made to monitor process discharges.

It is recommended that these industries provide necessary sampling points, sampling equipment and flow measuring devices that can accurately determine the quantity and quality of discharge from each regulated manufacturing process. A regulated process shall mean any process subject to Categorical Pretreatment Standards. The discharge monitoring equipment installed by these industries must have all monitoring capabilities required by Federal regulations pertaining to a promulgated pretreatment standard. This would include at a minimum, the capability of collecting 24 hour flow-proportional composite samples with a sampling frequency of at least one sample per hour.

The locating of sampling points would be the responsibility of these industries as would insure the applicability of the sampling point to accurately characterize the discharge from a regulated process. All sampling point locations would be subject to review and approval by the Village of Sauget as necessary.

- 2. It is recommended that sampling manholes be constructed at points prior to connection into the municipal sewer system to enable characterization of discharge from the Mobil Oil Co. Depot, Robers Cartage Co., and Weise Planning and Engineering, Inc. The construction of these sampling points or necessary modifications to any existing sampling point would be the responsibility of the respective industry. The sampling points would have the necessary provisions for flow monitoring such as the installation of weirs or flumes.
- 3. It is recommended that Mobil Oil Co. Depot, Rogers Cartage Co. and Weise Planning and Engineering, Inc. provide flow measurement and sampling data on request by the Village of Sauget. This self-monitoring will be the responsibility of the respective industries to include obtaining the means by which the data is collected. This self-monitoring will be independent of any monitoring accomplished by the Village of Sauget to characterize the discharge from the aforementioned respective industries.
- 4. It is recommended that the portions of the Village of Sauget sewer system that are currently partially obstructed, and through which discharge from any industry flows, be cleaned and corrective

measures taken, if necessary, to prevent future obstruction occurrence. Accomplishing this recommendation will be the responsibility of the Sauget Sanitary Development & Research Association.

- 5. It is recommended that a current and accurate schematic be developed showing all industrial discharges into the Village of Sauget sewer system. This will be the responsibility of the Sauget Sanitary Development & Research Association to complete and to update as needed when any additions or changes are made in the system.
- 6. It is recommended that the Village of Sauget POTW obtain the means to or modify existing sampling equipment to provide POTW influent and effluent data that is collected commensurate with Federal regulations pertaining to revision of pretreatment standards.

  This includes the ability to collect composite, flow proportional samples with a minimum of 12 discrete samples collected at equal time intervals over a 24 hour period. This responsibility would be that of the Sauget Sanitary Development & Research Association.

#### Modifications to POTW Sampling and Analysis Procedures

Currently the Village of Sauget industrial monitoring program is sufficient to serve its primary purpose pf allocation of user charges and compliance with NPDES permit limitations. However, with development of pretreatment standards for those industrial categories discharging to the POTW, additional monitoring will be necessary to insure compliance with standards. Additionally, approved revision of categorical pretreatment standards due to consistent removal of the POTW requires substantiating data.

The POTW currently samples industries three times weekly. This procedure will be sufficiently frequent to monitor industrial effluents when used in conjunction with the required self-monitoring reports that must be submitted by the industrial users.

The POTW application for authorization to revise pretreatment standards must include data demonstrating consistent removal of the pollutant involved. The data must be representative of yearly and seasonal conditions and must be taken on each of three consecutive days. Each composite sample must contain at least 12 discrete samples and be proportional to flow. The POTW currently meets all of these sampling requirements through its weekly influent and effluent sampling program. Currently, influent samples are collected at intervals of 40,000 gallons of flow automatically and effluent samples at 15 minute intervals. This procedure provides the necessary data base for application for revision of pretreatment standards and is sufficient for monitoring industrial influent into the plant.

Therefore, the only addition recommended for the POTW sampling and analysis procedures is to expand the list of parameters monitored at the individual industry sampling manholes. However the scope of this expansion cannot be determined until pretreatment standards are promulgated.

The industrial users of the POTW must develop the necessary procedures to comply with new self-monitoring and reporting requirements. The requirements must be complied with by the industries for the POTW to have an approved Pretreatment Program. The following requirements specified in the General Pretreatment Regulations(16) must be complied with in addition to the information contained in this Pretreatment Program.

#### Reporting Requirements

Within 180 days after promulgation of a Pretreatment Standard, the Industrial User shall supply the Village of Sauget POTW with the following information:

The nature and concentration of pollutants in the discharge from each regulated process from the industrial user and identification of the applicable pretreatment standards and requirements. The concentration shall be reported as a maximum or average level as provided for in the applicable pretreatment standard. If an equivalent concentration limit has been calculated in accordance with the pretreatment standard, this adjusted concentration limit shall also be submitted to the Village for review.

A statement reviewed by an authorized representative of the Industrial User and <u>sealed</u> by a <u>Professional Engineer</u> registered in the State of Illinois, indicating whether pretreatment standards are being met on a consistent basis and, if not, whether additional

(16) <u>Federal Register</u>, Vol. 46, No. 18, Part 403.12, Wednesday, January 28, 1981.

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operation and maintenance (0&M) and/or additional pretreatment is required for the industrial user to meet the pretreatment standards and requirements; and

If additional pretreatment and/or 0&M will be required to meet the pretreatment standards, the shortest schedule by which the Industrial User will provide such additional pretreatment must be submitted to the Village. The completion date for additional pretreatment schemes in this schedule shall not be later than the compliance date established for the applicable pretreatment standard.

2. Within 90 days after the date for final compliance with an applicable pretreatment standard, each subject Industrial User shall submit a report to the Village of Sauget POTW. The report shall indicate the nature and concentration of all pollutants in the discharge from the regulated process which are limited by pretreatment standards and requirements. The average and maximum daily flow for these process units in the Industrial User's facilities which are limited by such pretreatment standards or requirements shall be listed. The report shall state whether the applicable pretreatment standards or requirements are being met on a consistent basis and, if not, what additional O&M and/or pretreatment is necessary to bring the Industrial User into compliance with the applicable pretreatment standards or requirements. This report shall be signed by an authorized representative of the Industrial User and sealed by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Illinois.

3. All Industrial Users subject to a pretreatment standard after the compliance date of the standard shall submit to the Village of Sauget POTW during each of the months of <u>June</u> and <u>December</u> of each year, a report indicating the nature and concentration of pollutants in the effluent which are limited by such pretreatment standards. In addition, this report shall include a record of all daily flows which exceeded the average daily flow during the reporting period.

#### Monitoring Requirements

When required by reporting procedures stated herein or prescribed by the POTW, each Industrial User subject to a pretreatment standard shall submit to the Village of Sauget POTW self-monitoring data from the results of sampling and analysis of his discharge. The frequency of this monitoring shall be prescribed in the applicable pretreatment standard. All Industrial Users submitting data shall maintain records on all samples collected. These records shall include:

- The date, exact place, method, and time of sampling and names of the persons taking the samples;
- 2. The dates analyses were performed;
- 3. Who performed the analyses;
- 4. The analytical techniques/methods used; and
- 5. The results of the analyses.

The records shall be retained by the Industrial User for a minimum of 3 years.

#### SECTION IX - POTW REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The Village of Sauget must comply with reporting requirements that deal with these aspects of the pretreatment program:

- 1. Timely implementation of the pretreatment program;
- Receiving initial and continual authorization to modify pretreat ment standards; and
- 3. Providing to the IEPA and/or US EPA, on request, any Industrial User reports received by the POTW.

#### Program Implementation Compliance

To insure timely implementation of the pretreatment program, the IEPA will monitor the program implementation by requiring submittal of progress reports. The progress reports shall be submitted to the IEPA no later than 14 days after the completion date stated in the implementation schedule (Section XIV) for a particular increment of progress.

The report shall include, as a minimum, the following information:

- Whether or not the POTW accomplished that increment of progress to be completed by said date;
- The date on which the POTW will complete the increment, if not completed;
- 3. Reasons for delay in implementation completion, and
- 4. Steps being taken by the POTW to return to the original schedule.

The maximum time between each report will be no more than 9 months.

#### Authorization to Modify Pretreatment Standards

The Village of Sauget POTW, upon receiving authorization to modify pretreatment standards, will submit to the IEPA, within <u>60 days</u> after promulgation of a pretreatment standard, (for which authorization to modify has been approved) a report containing the information specified in the following description.

The report shall contain influent and effluent samples from the POTW collected on three consecutive days during the previous 60 day period. The samples shall be composites containing a minimum of 12 discrete samples taken at equal time intervals over the 24 hour period. The samples must be collected on a flow proportional basis. Where a composite sample is not appropriate, a grab sample may be taken.

The report shall contain data showing the concentrations and amounts of the parameter(s) in question that exists in the POTW's sludge. This data shall be collected during the same consecutive three day period that influent and effluent samples were collected. The samples shall be composites of a minimum of 12 discrete samples taken at equal time intervals over a 24 hour period. Where a composite sample is not applicable, a grab sample may be taken.

The report shall contain a specific description of the POTW's current sludge disposal method and data demonstrating that the disposal method complies with current IEPA and US EPA regulations governing sludge disposal.

The report will be submitted to the IEPA at 6 month intervals beginning with submission of the initial report. The report must be signed by a ranking elected official or authorized employee responsible for the operation of the POTW and/or Pretreatment Program.

#### Maintaining of Records

The Village of Sauget POTW shall maintain records of all monitoring activities and reports submitted to IEPA. This also includes any Industrial User self-monitoring reports submitted to the POTW. The records shall be retained for a minimum of three years.

The records shall include the following information for all samples:

- The date, exact place, method, and time of sampling and the names
  of the person or persons taking the samples;
- 2. The dates analyses were performed;
- 3. Who performed the analyses;
- 4. The analytical techniques/methods use; and
- 5. The results of such analyses.

Those records must be made available on request to the IEPA and US EPA.

#### SECTION X - LEGAL AUTHORITY

#### Federal Requirements

Specific legal authority enforceable in Federal, State and local courts must be obtained by the Village of Sauget to enforce the provisions of the pretreatment program.

The Village must have the legal ability to:(17)

- Deny the introduction of any new pollutants to the POTW and/or prevent changes or increases in existing pollutant loads;
- Require the Industrial Users of the POTW to comply with applicable pretreatment standards;
- Require each Industrial User to develop a compliance schedule for installation of the technology required to meet applicable pretreatment standards;
- Require each Industrial User to submit all notices and selfmonitoring reports specified in Section VIII of this report;
- 5. Enter any premises of any Industrial User to carry out inspection, surveillance, and any monitoring procedures deemed necessary by the Village of Sauget POTW to determine compliance or non-compliance with applicable pretreatment standards and any other local requirements set forth in the pretreatment program;

<sup>(17) &</sup>lt;u>Federal Register</u>, Vol. 46, No. 18, Part 403.8(f)(1), Wednesday, January 28, 1981.

6. Obtain "injunctive relief" for non-compliance by any industrial user with any pretreatment standard, reporting requirement or other local pretreatment program regulation.

The Village of Sauget POTW can exercise this authority by establishing an ordinance that specifies civil or criminal penalties for non-compliance with pretreatment program requirements.

#### Existing Authority

Review of existing agreements and authority possessed by the Village of Sauget POTW indicates that sufficient authority does not exist to enforce a pretreatment program meeting all Federal requirements.

The existing ordinance(18) utilized by the Village is general in its wording of sections regarding limitations on discharges to its sewer system.

Authority to enter Industrial User premises and the establishment of fines for non-compliance with the ordinance regulations is established in the ordinance. However, this authority, as worded, will not suffice when enforcing specific pretreatment program legal requirements.

Current authority for enforcing the sewer use ordinance exists with the Sauget Sanitary Development & Research Association.(19) The Village Board, as the legal and authorized representative of the Village of Sauget, would be the reviewing authority for all pretreatment program related decisions.

- (18) Ordinance No. 380, adopted and approved May 7, 1974, as amended.
- (19) Agreement Between Village of Monsanto (sic) and Village of Monsanto (sic) Sanitary Development & Research Association, January 19, 1966.

### Recommended Additional Legal Authority

It is recommended that a new sewer use ordinance be adopted by the Village of Sauget. This ordinance shall contain the legal authority requirements as enumerated in this Section IX and specify the self-monitoring and reporting requirements stated in Section VIII.

#### SECTION XI - PRETREATMENT PROGRAM ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

The Village of Sauget POTW has the necessary organizational structure already established to adequately operate the pretreatment program except for minor modifications.

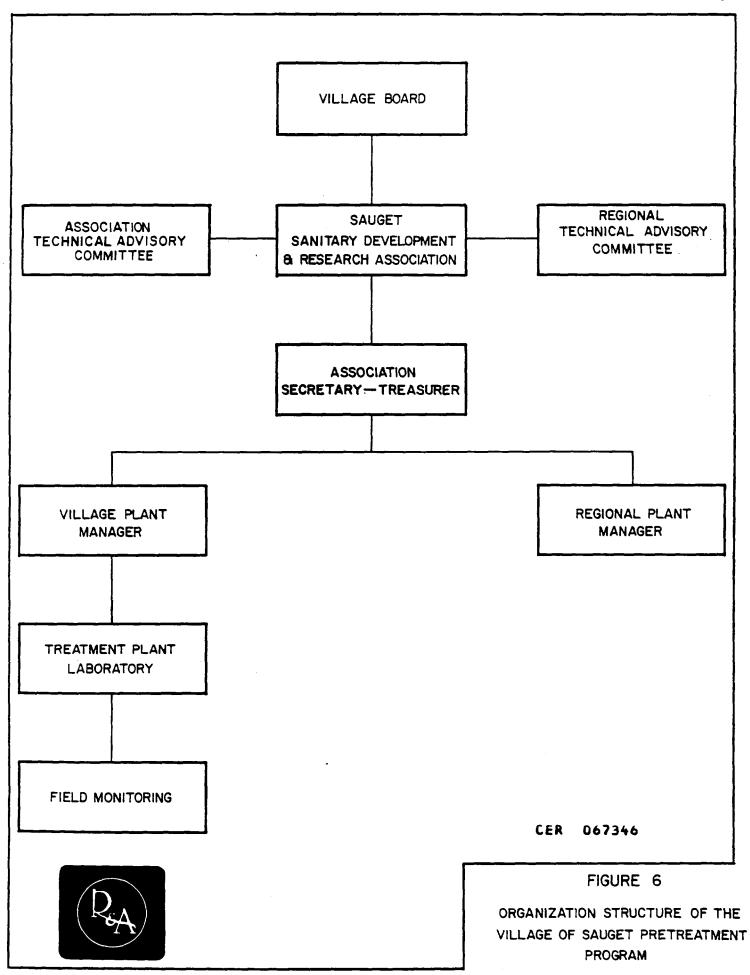
The organizational structure and personnel requirements for administration of the pretreatment program are depicted in Figure 6. The responsibilities of the personnel are described in the following text.

#### Village Plant Manager

The overall administrative responsibility for the pretreatment program will rest with the Village Plant Manager (V.P.M.). This position currently exists with a single person who has intimate knowledge of industrial pollution control and the industrial sources within the treatment plant's service area.

The V.P.M. has the responsibility for making decisions pertinent to pretreatment policy by drawing upon information supplied by key subordinates. These decisions shall be discussed with the affected Users if they affect POTW operation. Specific functions of the V.P.M. will be expanded to include:

- 1. basic policy decisions;
- 2. management of budgetary needs;
- personnel administration;
- 4. coordination with industry, municipal, State and Federal authorities;
- 5. review of all Industrial User required reports and sampling data;
- 6. review of treatment plant influent and effluent sampling data;



- 7. notification of industries of non-compliance with pretreatment program requirements;
- 8. notification of pending enforcement actions; and
- 9. reviewing and submitting all required monitoring reports to the appropriate State and Federal authorities.

#### Laboratory Supervisor

The laboratory supervisor will have the responsibility of supervising the lab technicians as well as performing routine laboratory duties. He will report directly to the V.P.M. concerning industrial pollution matters. His duties will include establishing a system for quality control of analysis, recording all data in a usable format, reporting his observations to the V.P.M. as well as the overall operational tasks of the laboratory such as equipment and chemical procurement. This position currently exists in the POTW industrial monitoring program; the additional duties necessary to manage the expansion of analytical tasks will be the only change in present responsibility.

#### Laboratory Technician

As directed by the laboratory supervisor, the laboratory technician will be responsible for routine analytical tasks and associated work. The duties will include sample preparation, reagent preparation, maintenance of laboratory equipment as well as analysis. The treatment plant has one technician on a part time basis. One additional part time technician may be required to compensate for the program expansion and associated additional work load.

### Field Monitoring Technicians

The field technicians will have the responsibility for collecting samples and flow measurement at the sampling sites. Their duties will include maintenance of specialized field equipment and performance of specific monitoring activities. The Village of Sauget currently utilizes one field technician; one additional technician may be required to perform the increased monitoring activities.

### Staffing Requirements

...

The total staff requirements for administering the Village of Sauget pretreatment program are indicated in Table 11.

TABLE 11
ESTIMATED PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS FOR VILLAGE OF SAUGET PRETREATMENT PROGRAM

PERSONNEL	TOTAL REQUIRED	PRESENT	NEEDED	
Village Plant Manager	1	1	0	
Village Plant Engineer	l (part-time)	1	0	
Laboratory Supervisor	1	1	0	
Laboratory Technician	2 (part-time)	l (part-time)	1 (part-time)	)
Field Monitoring Technician	1 + 1 (part-time)	1 (part-time)	1	

## SECTION XII - EVALUATION OF PRETREATMENT PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT COSTS AND FUNDING REQUIREMENTS

#### Industrial User Direct Costs

The expansion of the existing Village of Sauget industrial monitoring network will incur additional costs for some industries. Primarily, these costs will be for the construction of sampling manholes and purchase of sampling and flow measuring equipment. The costs will be incurred by the particular industry for which the increased monitoring is needed.

- 1. All capital costs incurred by AMAX Zinc, Inc., Cerro Copper, Inc., Edwin Cooper, Inc., Midwest Rubber Reclaiming, Inc., Monsanto Co., and Sterling Steel Co., for construction of sampling points and purchasing of all necessary monitoring equipment would be the sole responsibility of the respective industry incurring the cost. All operation and maintenance costs associated with self-monitoring including analysis costs would be the sole responsibility of the respective industry.
- 2. All capital costs incurred by Mobil Oil Co., Rogers Cartage Co., and Weise Planning and Engineering, Inc. for construction of sampling points would be the sole responsibility of the respective discharger incurring the cost. All costs for providing flow measurements and sampling data requested by the Village of Sauget would be the respective dischargers responsibility. This includes the cost of equipment rental or purchase, monitoring and analysis costs and any operation and maintenance costs.

#### Other Program Costs

Additional costs will be incurred that are directly related to the Village of Sauget Pretreatment Program but are however not specific to one industry versus another. These costs will be deemed the initial responsibility of Sauget Sanitary Development & Research Association (hereinafter referred to as Association) and further allocation of financial responsibility among the Industrial Users would be at the discretion of the Association. These costs are enumerated in the following listing.

- 1. All costs associated with the initial cleaning of those portions of the Village of Sauget sewer system through which industrial dischargers flow would be the responsibility of the Association. After the initial cleaning of the system, the cost of additional cleaning shall be allocated to the affected industry(s) as determined by the Association Board of Directors.
- 2. The cost of preparing an accurate sewer map and of updating that sewer map would be a cost of the Association.
- All costs associated with routine maintenance of the existing sampling network would remain the responsibility of the Association.
- 4. All costs of routine sampling and analysis associated with the existing sampling network would remain the responsibility of the Association.
- 5. All costs associated with obtaining the means to collect POTW influent and effluent samples that meet the necessary Federal requirements for demonstration of consistent removal in terms of

revision of pretreatment standards would be the responsibility of the Association.

- 6. All costs associated with the routine operation of the Village of Sauget Pretreatment Program would be considered as a part of the Village of Sauget POTW operating budget and, hence, the responsibility of the Association.
- 7. All costs of specialized sampling and analysis of POTW influent and effluent samples that will be used as documentation of consistent removal to receive authorization for revision of pretreatment standards would be the responsibility of the respective industry(s) for which the revised standard will benefit. The costs would be the initial responsibility of the Association and further allocation to industry would be at the discretion of the Association.

#### Pretreatment Program Operational Costs

Operational costs for the pretreatment program will be similarly composed of those items normally included in the existing operating and maintenance budget for the Village of Sauget POTW. Additional operational costs will be incurred due to the increased POTW reporting requirements specified in Section VIII. Enforcement of pretreatment program requirements and pretreatment standards may incur legal expenses.

An estimated first year budget for operation of the Village of Sauget pretreatment program is presented in Table 12.

ESTIMATED FIRST YEAR INCREASE IN EXISTING BUDGET TO OPERATE VILLAGE OF SAUGET PRETREATMENT PROGRAM

CATEGORY		ESTIMATED ADDITION TO BUDGET
Salary		\$ 22,500
FICA		1,380
Medical		330
Insurance		3,500
Pension		790
Protective Clothing		500
Office Supplies		500
Telephone		500
Vehicle Expense		1,000
Repair and Maintenance		500
Legal & Accounting		15,000
Newspaper Notices		250
Specialized Sampling and A	nalysis	20,000
Consulting Services		5,000
Miscellaneous		1,000
	TOTAL	\$67,750

#### SECTION XIII - PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PROCEDURES

The Village of Sauget POTW shall annually provide public notification in the <a href="Cahokia Daily Herald">Cahokia Daily Herald</a>, a newspaper having a general circulation in the Village, there being no paper published in the Village, of Industrial Users violating applicable pretreatment standards.

Violations shall be those instances of noncompliance in the previous 12 months that meet these criteria:( $^{2}$   $^{0}$ )

- 1. A violation which remains uncorrected for 45 days after notification of non-compliance, or
- 2. a part of a pattern of non-compliance over a 12 month period, or
- 3. which involves a failure to accurately report non-compliance.

<sup>(20) &</sup>lt;u>Federal Register</u>, Vol 46, No. 18, Part 403.8(f)(2)(vii), Wednesday, January 28, 1981.

#### SECTION XIV - COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

The implementation of the Village of Sauget pretreatment program will follow a schedule that provides dates of compliance for increments of progress in implementing the program. It additionally will provide for industrial user compliance with pretreatment program requirements.

The proposed compliance schedule will be divided into the tasks listed in Table 13. These tasks will be initiated upon receiving approval to proceed with this pretreatment program. The compliance schedule must be considered as being tentative since if pretreatment standards are promulgated for an industrial user, a more rapid compliance may be necessary.

### TABLE 13

## IMPLEMENTATION AND COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

Task Description	Anticipated Initiation/ Compliance Date
Industrial Users submit plans to POTW for compliance with construction requirements	6 mo. after program approval
POTW final approval of construction plans	8 mo. after program approval
Industrial User's begin construction	10 mo. after program approval
First reading of Pretreatment Ordinance	August 10, 1982
Public Hearing and second reading of Pretreatment Ordinance	September 14, 1982
Adoption of Pretreatment Ordinance	October 12, 1982
Publication of Pretreatment Ordinance for posting	October 13, 1982
Effective date of Pretreatment Ordinance	October 25, 1982
Recording of Pretreatment Ordinance and service upon Industrial Users	October 26, 1982
Deadline for filing application for Wastewater Discharge Permit	December 31, 1982
Issuance of Wastewater Discharge Permit	June 30, 1983
Industrial User's finish construction	June 30, 1983

APPENDIX A

INDUSTRIAL WASTE SURVEY SURVEY

	Date March 21, 1979
Company Name AMAX ZINC COMPANY, INC.	
Address Route 3 and Monsanto Avenue, P. O. Box 2347, East St. Loui	is, Illinois 62202
Representative Completing FormJ. E.	. GormanTitle Plant Manager
Phone No. 618 274-5000	
No. of employees: shift 1 sh	
Type of Business (Manufacturer, Distri	ibutor, Retail): Manufacturer
Raw Materials Zinc Concentrates	Amount Per Year (state units) 150,000 Tons
Products Slab Zinc	Amount Per Year (state units) 80,000 ions
Cadmium	400 Tons
Sulfuric Acid	117,000 Tons
Type of Process: Continuous X Batch  Do you have an SIC classification?  Do you have an existing Environmental C	Yes If so, what is it? 3333 Control Program? Yes
Industrial Wastes	
What waste products are disposed to se solids in treated wastewater.	ewer: Magnesium as total disolved
Is discharge to sewer: Intermittent	* Steady X Normally 5 days/wee (gal/day)
*Note: Sanitary Sewer Flows 7 Day/Wee	≘k

Are wastes pretreated: yes X no
Describe pretreatment process: Lime Neutralization
How many connections to municipal sewer system: and One Sanitary and Treated Wastewater Sewer)  Describe connections:
Size and Shape Material Plant Location Connection Location
(1) Storm Sewer 15 Dia. VCP S.E.corner of Plant to Sewer in Monsanto Avenue
(2) Storm Sewer 21 Dia. VCP S.E.corner of Plant to Sewer in Monsanto Avenue
(3) Storm Sewer 12 Dia. VCP S.W.corner of Plant to Sewer in Monsanto Avenue Ssanitary Sewer 12 Dia. VCP W.W.corner of Plant to Sewer in Monsanto Avenue
Are maps showing sewer connections available?Yes (Attached)
What waste products are disposed by other means: Wastewater Plant Sludge, Waste Lubricating Oil, General Trash, and Anode Scale.
Annual Variations in Operation:
Is there a scheduled shutdown? No Is production seasonal? No When and for what duration? -
If so: Period of full production to
Period of limited production - to -
Period of no productionto
Employees (No.) Max. % of time at max. % of time at min.
If not seasonal: Average no. of employees 340
Water Use:
Source(s) of water:
If from Agency, Account No(s)
Water used for: Sanitary 30,000 gpd
Air Conditioning - gpd
Process Water 670,000 gpd Cooling Water (contact) - gpd
<pre>Cooling Water (contact) - gpd Cooling Water (non-contact) - gpd</pre>
Period of max. water use Uniform Amount 700,000 Gal/Day Period of min. water use - Amount - Water disposal other than sewer Evaporation % of Total 50%
Is water consumed in product? No Amount/day
Type and number of air pollution devices: None using water
Have waste streams been previously analyzed? Yes
Where can analysis results be obtained? Amax Zinc Company Are radioactive isotopes used in process? No Specify:
The radioactive isotopes used in process: specify.
Russell & Axon 032-761-01-4 CER 067358

			Date	March	21, 1	1979	
Company NameCERRO C	OPPER PROD	DUCTS CO.	_				-
Address P. O. Box 681,			inois 6220	2			
Representative Completin	ng Form	Paul Tandle	er '	_Title_	Vice	Pres.	- Mfg.
Phone No. 337-6000		•					
No. of employees: shift	1 170 (Nite)	shift 2	510 s	hift 3	220	(Even	ing)
Type of Business (Manufa	cturer, D	istributor,	, Retail):	Manui	actur	er	
Raw Materials			Amount	Per Yea	ir		
Scrap Copper		110	MM (state	units	)		
Electrolytic Copper		17	IM Lbs.				,
Misc. Semi-Revined Copp	er	53	MM Lbs.				•
Products Electrolytic Copper		75	Amount (state	Per Yea	ir )		
Copper Tubular Products		135	MM Lbs.			<del></del>	
Type of Process: Contine Batch  Do you have an SIC class Do you have an existing	X	? Yes	If so, w Program?	hat is Yes		331	
Industrial Wastes							
What waste products are wash Water	disposed	to sewer:	Cooling	Water	and P	rocess	
Is discharge to sewer:	Intermitt Total qua	ent ntity/day _		teady (gal/da		1.0 MG	<b>S</b> D

Are wastes pretreated: yes X no
Describe pretreatment process: <u>Primary settling at Cerro Plant and</u> <pre>physical-chemical treatment at Sauget Waste Water Treatment facility.</pre>
How many connections to municipal sewer system: 2
Describe connections:
Size and Shape Material Plant Location Connection Location
(1) 36" Round Concrete East Dead Creek - Joins Monsanto Sewers
(2) 24" Round Concrete West - Joins sewer system on west side (3) of Ill. Route 3
Are maps showing sewer connections available? Yes
What waste products are disposed by other means: Solid + and combustible liquid wastes by haulers
Annual Variations in Operation:
Is there a scheduled shutdown? Yes - 2 to 3 weeks in July Is production seasonal? No When and for what duration?
If so: Period of full production to Period of limited production to Period of no production to
Employees (No.) Max % of time at max % of time at min
If not seasonal: Average no. of employees 850
Water Use:
Source(s) of water: <u>Illinois-American Water Co. and Deepwells.</u> If from Agency, Account No(s). <u>250-0320-0231 &amp; 0252</u>
Water used for:  Sanitary 10,000 gpd Air Conditioning 10,000 gpd Process Water 160,000 gpd Cooling Water (contact) 345,000 gpd Cooling Water (non-contact) 590,000 gpd
Period of max. water use February Amount 1,125,000 GPD Period of min. water use July Amount 488,000 GPD Water disposal other than sewer 10 % of Total Is water consumed in product? No Amount/day Type and number of air pollution devices: Wet Scrubbers - two in use.  two dormant.  Have waste streams been previously analyzed? Yes Where can analysis results be obtained? Sauget Waste Treatment Plant Are radioactive isotopes used in process? No Specify:  Russell & Avon 032-761-01-4

	Date March 12, 1979
Company Name CLAYTON CHEMICAL CO.	
Address   Mobile Ave., Sauget, Illir	nois 62201
Representative Completing Form B. R.	
Phone No. 271-0467	
No. of employees: shift 15 sh	nift 2 shift 3
Type of Business (Manufacturer, Distri	butor, Retail):
Raw Materials	Amount Per Year
Industrial Waste Solvent	(state units) 1,000,000 gal/year
Products	Amount Per Year (state units)
Recycled Solvent	700,000 gal/year
Type of Process: Continuous X Batch X	_
Do you have an SIC classification?  Do you have an existing Environmental (	If so, what is it? Control Program?NO
Industrial Wastes	
What waste products are disposed to se	ewer: Well water from condensers
Is discharge to sewer: Intermittent Total quantity Est. or measur	X Steady y/day 20,000 (gal/day)

Are wastes pretreated: yes no _X
Describe pretreatment process:
How many connections to municipal sewer system:
Describe connections:
Size and Shape Material Plant Location Connection Location Sauget Industrial Wastewater Plant
(2)
Are maps showing sewer connections available?
What waste products are disposed by other means:
Annual Variations in Operation:
Is there a scheduled shutdown? No Is production seasonal? No When and for what duration?
If so: Period of full production to Period of limited production to Period of no production to
Employees (No.) Max. % of time at max. % of time at min.
If not seasonal: Average no. of employees 5
Water Use:
Source(s) of water: Well, City  If from Agency, Account No(s).
Water used for:  Sanitary 50 gpd Air Conditioning - gpd Process Water 1,000 gpd Boiler water Cooling Water (contact) gpd Cooling Water (non-contact) 100,000 gpd
Period of max. water use Amount
Have waste streams been previously analyzed? Yes Where can analysis results be obtained? Mike Foresman Are radioactive isotopes used in process? No Specify:
Russell & Avon 032-761-01-4

	•		Date March 14	, 13/3	
Company Name E	DWIN COOPER, INC.			<del></del>	
Address	lonsanto Avenue, Sa	auget, Illinoi	S		
Representative	Completing Form	Jim Sparks	Title_E	nv. Tech.	
Phone No. <u>274</u> -	4000, Ext. 216	c			
No. of employe	es: shift $1 \frac{34}{1}$		34 shift 3	34	
Type of Busine	ss (Manufacturer,	Distributor,	Retail): Manufac	turer	
Raw M See Attachment I	aterials		Amount Per Year (state units)	•	
Pro Se <u>e Attachment I</u>	ducts		Amount Per Year (state units)		
Do you have an	s: Continuous BatchX SIC classification	on? Yes			
Industrial Was	tes				

Are wastes pretreated: yes no $\frac{\chi}{}$
Describe pretreatment process:
How many connections to municipal sewer system: 2  Describe connections:
Size and Shape Material Plant Location Connection Location
(1) 24" Round Vitrified Clay South Side, East Monsanto Ave. (2) 24" Round Vitrified Clay South Side, West Monsanto Ave. (3) *New system being installed - Expected completion - November, 1980 Will be 42" Vitrified Clay - 1 connection south side, west - Monsanto Ave.
Are maps showing sewer connections available? Yes
What waste products are disposed by other means: Filter cakes, waste oil
Annual Variations in Operation:
Is there a scheduled shutdown? No Is production seasonal? No When and for what duration?
If so: Period of full production to Period of limited production to Period of no production to
Employees (No.) Max. % of time at max. % of time at min.
If not seasonal: Average no. of employees 170
Water Use: Source(s) of water:Illinois American Water Co
If from Agency, Account No(s).
Water used for:  Sanitary 1,300 gpd Air Conditioning167,040 gpd - summer months  Process Water 450,720 gpd Cooling Water (contact) _ gpd Cooling Water (non-contact) _ 72,000gpd
Period of max. water use summer months Amount 691,060 gpp Period of min. water use winter months Amount 524,620 gpp Water disposal other than sewer None % of Total Is water consumed in product? No Amount/day Type and number of air pollution devices:
Have waste streams been previously analyzed? Yes Where can analysis results be obtained? M. R. Foresman Are radioactive isotopes used in process? No Specify:
Russell & Axon 032-761-01-4

### ATTACHMENT I

### RAW MATERIALS

Large Quantity Items

H<sub>2</sub>SO4 Caustic Alcohols Solvents Olefins Poly Butene

Total Pounds of Raw Materials 288,661,370

## ATTACHMENT II

### PRODUCTS - MISC. OIL ADDITIVES

Unit	Pounds per Year
258	47,611,423
266	17,997,994
267	22,927,960
268	4,926,976
270	59,388,273
275	57,977,893
280	8,897,476

:		Date January 1,	1980
Company Name MIDWEST RUBBER	RECLAIMING CO.		
	ve., Sauget, Illino	is	
Representative Completing Phone No. (618) 337-6400	Form R. Reinhardt	Title_Mana	ager Project Engr.
No. of employees: shift 1			
Type of Business (Manufact	urer, Distributor,	Retail): Rubber re	
Raw Materials		Amount Per Year	
Passenger car tires		(state units)	
Tire parts, Peelings		(Cor	nfidential Numbers)
Inner tube - Butyl rubber			
Light color latex rubber	•		
Products		Amount Per Year (state units)	
Same as above		(State units)	
Type of Process: Continuo Batch Do you have an SIC classif		If so, what is it?	3031
Do you have an existing En	viromental Control	Program? Yes	<del></del> .
<u>Industrial Wastes</u>			
What waste products are di suspended solids, oils, Na	sposed to sewer: on, scrap tire fibe	Rubber fines, clay r fines, cooling to	as wer
blowdown			
To:	termittent tal quantity/day t. or measured	Steady 272, (gal/day)	.000*

CER 067367

\*Includes blowdown for cooling tower of 0.04 mgd

Are wastes pretre	ated: yes no _X
Describe pretreat	ment process:
How many connecti Describe connecti	ons to municipal sewer system: One ons:
(1) 21" Line (2)	ape <u>Material</u> <u>Plant Location</u> <u>Connection Location</u> Northeast Corner of Plant @ Rt.3
What waste produc	sewer connections available? Yes  ts are disposed by other means: Landfill solid waste craps, fiber, etc.
Annual Variations  Is there a schedu Is production sea When and for what	led shutdown?  Sonal? NO  duration? Usually two weeks during summer
If so: Period of Period of Period of	full production to limited production to no production to
Employees (No.) M	ax. 295 % of time at max in? % of time at min
	Average no. of employees
Water Use: Source(s) of wate If from Agency, A	r:City water and well water ccount No(s)
Water used for:	Sanitary 2,000 gpd Est.  Air Conditioning 15,000 gpd and boilers, steam, etc.  Process Water 132,000+gpd direct contact
(See Over)	Cooling Water (contact) gpd in process # abov Cooling Water (non-contact) 0.04 m gpd blowdown
Is water consumed Type and number o wet scrubbers and Have waste stream Where can analysi	
Russell & Axon O	32-761-01-4

	Date June 9, 1980
Company Name MOBIL OIL CORPORATION	
Address 2000 South 20th, East St. L	ouis, Illinois 62206
Representative Completing Form P.	D. GatesTitle Mgr. Environmen
Phone No. (312) 885-6123	
No. of employees: <b>≴kwiftxxl</b> x <u>xxxxxxx</u> xx	shirifitxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
Type of Business (Manufacturer, Disti	ributor, Retail): Distributor
Raw Materials N/A	Amount Per Year (state units)
Products  Gasoline	Amount Per Year (state units)
Fuel Oil	250,000,000 gallons
Type of Process: Continuous N/A Batch N/A  Do you have an SIC classification? Y Do you have an existing Environmental  Industrial Wastes  What waste products are disposed to s	Control Program? Yes
Is discharge to sewer: Intermittent Total quantit Est. or measu	N/A Steady N/A  Sy/day N/A (gal/day)

Are wastes pretreated: yes noX
Describe pretreatment process: N/A
How many connections to municipal sewer system:l
Size and Shape Material Plant Location Connection Location  (1) 12" circular Steel #4 trap Vicinity - 19th St.  (2) and Monsanto Blvd.
Are maps showing sewer connections available? No None
Annual Variations in Operation:  Is there a scheduled shutdown? No Is production seasonal? No When and for what duration? N/A
If so: Period of full production N/A to Period of limited production N/A to Period of no production N/A to
Employees (No.) Max. % of time at max. % of time at min. % of time at max. % of time at min. % of time
Water Use:
Source(s) of water: Illinois American Water Co.  If from Agency, Account No(s). 250-0324-0063-1
Water used for:  Sanitary 1,000 gpd  Air Conditioning gpd  Process Water gpd  Cooling Water (contact) gpd  Cooling Water (non-contact) gpd
Period of max. water use May - Sept. Amount 30,000 gallons per month Period of min. water use Oct April Amount 15,000 gallons per month Water disposal other than sewer None of Total N/A  Is water consumed in product? No Amount/day N/A  Type and number of air pollution devices: 1 - Edwards Vapor Recovery Unit
Have waste streams been previously analyzed? N/A Where can analysis results be obtained? N/A Are radioactive isotopes used in process? No Specify:
Russell & Axon 032-761-01-4

		DateMay 8, 1979
Company Name MONSANTO	COMPANY	
Address Sauget, Illin		
Representative Completi Phone No 271-5835 Ext. 5	·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(Ed Heumann) Smith Title Senior Engr.
No. of employees: shif	t 1 800 shift	: 2 140 shift 3 100
Type of Business (Manuf	acturer, Distribut	or, Retail): Manufacturer
Raw Materials /arious organic and inorg		Amount Per Year
Products Various organic and inorg	anic Chemcials M	Amount Per Year (state units) illions of pounds
Do you have an SIC clas	sification? Yes	If so, what is it? 286, 2819 rol Program? Yes 2812
Industrial Wastes		2865
What waste products are Chemicals	disposed to sewer	·: Various organic and inorganic
Is discharge to sewer:	Intermittent Total quantity/da Est. or measured	Steady 6 - 8 million (gal/day)

Are wastes pretreated: yes Some no
Describe pretreatment process: Sulfide and drum filter
How many connections to municipal sewer system: 2
Describe connections:
Size and Shape Material Plant Location Connection Location  (1) 42" Circular VCP South end of Plant In field west of plant  (2) 15" Circular VCP North end of Plant Along Monsanto Ave.  (Near Route 3)
(3) (Near Route 3)
Are maps showing sewer connections available? Yes  What waste products are disposed by other means: Various organic chemicals are incinerated or landfilled
Annual Variations in Operation:
Is there a scheduled shutdown? Various Dept.'s shut down periodically Is production seasonal? No When and for what duration? Various times - Time required for mechanical repair
If so: Period of full production See above to Period of limited production See above to Period of no production See above to
Employees (No.) Max. % of time at max(Refer to front sheet(No. of Employees)  % of time at min. " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
Water Use:
Source(s) of water: City Water  If from Agency, Account No(s). Illinois-American WAter Co.
Water used for:  Sanitary * gpd Air Conditioning * gpd Process Water * gpd Cooling Water (contact) * gpd Cooling Water (non-contact) * gpd
Period of max. water use 8 AM - 10 AM Amount Apporx. 5,500 gpm Period of min. water use 12 AM - 8 AM Amount Approx. 4,000 gpm Water disposal other than sewer * % of Total Is water consumed in product? Some Amount/day *  Type and number of air pollution devices: Various demisters and filters, electrostatic percipitators, scrubbers Have waste streams been previously analyzed? Yes Where can analysis results be obtained? Steve D. Smith Are radioactive isotopes used in process? No Specify:
Russell & Axon 032-761-01-4 *This Information is not available

CEK 001315

•,	•		Date_M	1ay 9, 1	980	
Company Name ROGE	RS CARTAGE C	0.				
Address 2900 Monsa	anto Avenue,	Sauget, I	llinois		<del></del>	
Representative Completi	ng Form	Al Adol	fo	_Title_	Environmental	Affairs
Phone No. 312 284-1300	)					
No. of employees: shif	t 1 _8	shift 2	s	hift 3	3 Varies	
Type of Business (Manuf	acturer, Dis	stributor,	Retail):	Truc	king Co.	
Raw Materials			Amount (state	units)		
N/A			N/ A			
	<del></del>		<del></del>		·	
Products			Amount (state	Per Yea units)		
N/A	·		-			
Do you have an SIC clas	X sification?	No	If so, w	hat is	it?	
Do you have an existing	Enviromenta	1 Control	Program?	Yes		
Industrial Wastes						
What waste products are zinc and aluminum sulfa						
phenol, nitrogen soluti some paint products.	on, silicate	washing o	compount,	corn o	il, syrup and	7
Is discharge to sewer:	Intermitten Total quant Est. or mea	ity/day		teady (gal/da /Day	<del>y)</del>	

CER 067373

Figures are based on water bill consumption rate and are approximate.

Describe pretreatment process: Free oils and solids are physically separated by a triple trap separator.  How many connections to municipal sewer system:   Describe connections:  Size and Shape Material Plant Location Connection Location Monsanto Avenue Same  (1)  (2)
Describe connections:  Size and Shape Material Plant Location Connection Location  (1) Circular Monsanto Avenue Same  (2)
(1) Circular Monsanto Avenue Same (2)
(3)
Are maps showing sewer connections available? Yes What waste products are disposed by other means: None
Annual Variations in Operation:  Is there a scheduled shutdown? No Is production seasonal? NO When and for what duration? N/A  If so: Period of full production N/A to Period of limited production N/A to N/A Period of no production N/A to N/A
Period of no production $N/A$ to $N/A$ Employees (No.) Max. $N/A$ % of time at max. $N/A$ Min. $N/A$ % of time at min. $N/A$ If not seasonal: Average no. of employees $N/A$
Water Use:
Source(s) of water: City of St. Louis  If from Agency, Account No(s). 250-0324-0147-0
Water used for:  Sanitarygpd Air Conditioninggpd Process Watergpd Cooling Water (contact) N/A gpd Cooling Water (non-contact)gpd
Period of max. water use Amount Period of min. water use Amount Water disposal other than sewer None % of Total Is water consumed in product? Amount/day Type and number of air pollution devices: None
Have waste streams been previously analyzed? No Where can analysis results be obtained?  Are radioactive isotopes used in process? Specify:

	•	Date May 3, 1979	
Company Name	STERLING STEEL CAS	FING CO.	
Address	2300 Monsanto Aven	ie	_
Representative	Completing Form A.	K. Dalhaus Title Plant Eng	− gine∈
Phone No. 337-6	123		
No. of employee	s: shift 1 164	shift 2 <u>60</u> shift 3 <u>3 or 4</u>	
Type of Busines	s (Manufacturer, Dist	ributor, Retail): Manufacturer	
	terials	Amount Per Year (state units) 3,500 Tons	
Steel Scrap		3,500 Tons	_
	d Ferro Manganese oying elements	50 Tons and 65 Tons 15 Tons Total	_
Prod	ucts	Amount Per Year	_
Carbon and Low	Alloy Steel Castings	(state units) 3,600 Tons	_
Type of Process	: Continuous		-
Do you have an Do you have an	SIC classification? existing Enviromental	If so, what is it?	_
Industrial Wast	<u>es</u>		
What waste prod amount of non-c	ucts are disposed to ontact cooling water.	sewer: Sanitary Waste and a sma	<u> </u>
			_
Is discharge to	Total quanti		

Are wastes pretreated: yes noX  Describe pretreatment process:
How many connections to municipal sewer system:  Describe connections:
Size and Shape Material Plant Location Connection Location
(1) 8 inch Not known Monsanto Avenue (2) (3)
Are maps showing sewer connections available? At our building, not not at ma
What waste products are disposed by other means: Solids; by landfill.
Annual Variations in Operation:
Is there a scheduled shutdown? Yes Is production seasonal? No When and for what duration?
If so: Period of full production to Period of limited production to Period of no production to
Employees (No.) Max % of time at max % of time at min
If not seasonal: Average no. of employees 225
Water Use:
Source(s) of water: Illinois-American WAter Company  If from Agency, Account No(s). 250-0320-0315-0
Water used for:  Sanitary 95% gpd Air Conditioning gpd Process Water gpd Cooling Water (contact) 4% gpd Cooling Water (non-contact) 1% gpd
Period of max. water use Not Known Period of min. water use July 20 to Aug.10,1979 Amount Not known Water disposal other than sewer Evaporation % of Total Not Known Is water consumed in product? No Amount/day Type and number of air pollution devices: 5 cloth bag houses, several small cyclone type collectors. Have waste streams been previously analyzed? Not known Where can analysis results be obtained? Are radioactive isotopes used in process? No Specify:
Russell & Axon 032-761-01-4 CER 067376

			Date	May 29, 1980
Company Name WIESE PL	ANNING & ENG	., INC	-	
	Sauget,		2206	·
Representative Completi Phone No. 337-6070	ng Form W	. O. Boker		_Title_Manager
No. of employees: shif	t 1 14	shift 2 _	2	shift 3
Type of Business (Manuf	acturer, Dist	tributor,	Retail)	: Retail
Raw Materials None				Per Year e units)
Products None				Per Year e units)
Type of Process: Conti Batch				
Do you have an SIC clas Do you have an existing	sification? Enviromental	No Control	If so, Program	what is it? ?
Industrial Wastes				
What waste products are	disposed to	sewer: _	Gr	ease
Is discharge to sewer:	Intermittent Total quanti		:	Steady (gal/day)

Are wastes pretreated: yes no $X$ Describe pretreatment process:
How many connections to municipal sewer system: 3  Describe connections:
Size and Shape Material Plant Location Connection Location (1) 6" pipe (2)
Are maps showing sewer connections available?  What waste products are disposed by other means:  None
Annual Variations in Operation:  Is there a scheduled shutdown?  Is production seasonal?  When and for what duration?
If so: Period of full production to Period of limited production to Period of no production to
Employees (No.) Max. 15 % of time at max. 100 % of time at min.
If not seasonal: Average no. of employees 15
Water Use: Source(s) of water: Illinois American Water Co. If from Agency, Account No(s)
Water used for:         Sanitary
Period of max. water use Amount
Have waste streams been previously analyzed? Where can analysis results be obtained? Are radioactive isotopes used in process?  Specify:  Pussell & Avon. 032-761-01-4

APPENDIX B

VILLAGE OF SAUGET SLUDGE DISPOSAL PERMIT

### PERMIT ISSUED

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY DIVISION OF LAND/HOISE POLLUTION CONTROL - SPECIAL WASTE DISPOSAL APPLICATION

CARD TYPE	DATE 19/3/50 LPSWC AUTHORIZATION NUMBER 732159 CODE CAGENCY Use) 10/0/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00
	WASTE HAULER
- <u>1 5</u>	HAULER REGISTRATION NUMBER QQQQ NAME S.C.D. SERVICES INC.
6 7	ADDRESS 1936 N. GROODWOY COMMITTY ST LOUIS
	COUNTY ST LOUIS STATE MO ZIP 63102 AREA CODE 314 TELEPHONE 241 3719
•	WASTE GENERATOR
	CODE 1631210003 6 NAME VILLIDGE OF SAUGET
· . •	ADDRESS 62WAGE PLANT COMMUNITY STUGET
	COUNTY ST CLOIR STATE ILLINOIS ZIP 62201 AREA CODE 613 TELEPHONE 271 - 5235
_	GENERATOR CONTACT NAME STEVE SMITH
. /	DUNS NUMBER SIC CODE 495 a
20	PROCESS NAME GIWIGE IREBIMONT
7	MASTE CHARACTERISTICS
1 ~	GENERIC WASTE NAME FILTER CASE SLYDES FROM STP
<b>↓</b> ⁄₀	1UPAC WASTE NAME
77	TOTAL ANNUAL WASTE VOLUME 15 2400 VOLUME UNITS 1 WASTE PHASE 2
$\int X$	TRANSPORT FREQUENCY 2 MASTE CLASS & 1 = CUBIC YARDS 1 = SOLID
	TRANSPORT FREQUENCY 2 HASTE CLASS 2 1 = CUBIC YARDS 1 = SOLID  1 = ONE TIME 5 = MONTHLY 2 = SEMI-SOLID  3 = LIQUID
	2 = DAILY 6 = BI-MONTHLY 4 = GAS 3 = WEEKLY 7 = QUARTERLY
_	4 = BI-WEEKLY 8 = SEMI-ANNUALLY
	(Code either "1" for Low. "2" for Medium. or "3" for High as appropriate for columns 21 through 26):
\$ <u>0</u>	INHALATION DEPMAL INGESTIVE TOXICITY 1 TOXICITY 1 TOXICITY 2 INFECTIOUS REACTIVITY EXPLOSIVE 26
$\Lambda$	FLASH POINT O 2 O OF ALPHA RADIATION 31 (pc1/L) COMPOSITION 1
$A_{i}$	37 36 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37
-	2 - INORGANIC
	PERCENT PERCENT TOTAL PERCENT
V	ACIDITY A - ALKALINITY A - B PH A 9 . SOLIDS A 30 . O O ASH CONTENT 52 - SS
6/Q	KEY COMPONENT NAME PERCENT KEY COMPONENT NAME PERCENT
/ `	1 516-20-152
1	3 21 22
	5 21 22
•	

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CER 067380

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E.P.A. - D: 20

CARD	DATÉ	10/3/20 LPSMC AUTHORIZATION NUMBER 7 12 L b 9 CODE C (Agency Use) 10/3/20/20
		WASTE CHARACTERISTICS TO THE TIPE TO THE T
7.0	META	
7 0	META	
,		27 - 23 36 37 36 39 47 66
	Ag	030.6
	۸s	05430_0
:	Ва	07Pb
•	Cd	<u>09</u>
	Cr	11
		°
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8.0	1 480	ATORY HAME SI LOUIS IESTING LAB ANALYSIS
807		
	_	FICATION NUMBER
9 0	<u> 31</u>	SITE CODE 1 5 3 0 4 5 0 1 SITE NAME E. ST LOUIS / S.C.3. MILAM
		DISPOSAL METHOD O 1 NEUTRALIZATION METHOD TO THE TOTAL IZATION METHOD TO THE TOTAL IZA
		STATUS START CATE START CATE START STATE START S
		SIGNATURE NON SIGNATURE NICHT SIGNATURE NICHTANICAL SIGNATURE NICH
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		STATUS STATE DATE OF STATE DATE OF STATE OF STAT
		SIGNATURE THOUGHT FOR: SCA SERVICES STILLINGS INC
	3 21	SITE CODE SITE NAME
	21	DISPOSAL METHOD NEUTRALIZATION METHOD
		33 31 32 33 CTATUS CTAGE 0475 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
		34 35 38 37 28 38 40 41 42 43 44 46 48 SIGNATURE SIGNATURE
		(SITE OWNER) (SITE OPERATOR)
	4 21	SITE CODE SITE NAME
	••	DISPOSAL METHOD NEUTRALIZATION METHOD 32 33
		STATUS START DATE : / 37 33 33 35 25 40 EXPIRATION DATE 41 42 43 44 44
		SIGNATURE SIGNATURE
		(SITE OHNER) (SITE OPERATOR)
	<u>5</u>	SITE CODE SITE NAME
		DISPOSAL METHOD NEUTRALIZATION METHOD 32 33
		STATUS START DATE / / EXPIRATION DATE / / / 43 44 45 46
		SIGNATURE SIGNATURE
		(SITE OPERATOR)
		CER 067381
		AGH-1067 (REV. 7/78) (REV. 3/79)

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